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THE MOST LOVELY WOMAN  
is made more lovely by the artists who  
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THE DOLLY VARDON HAT SHOP

## PAMELA

Just Arrived

Smart New  
STRAW HATS

From \$12.50.

Also New Voile  
Dresses

From \$25.00.

## FELIX HAT SHOP

7, ICE HOUSE STREET.

JUST RECEIVED!

A LARGE COLLECTION OF  
SMART HATS.

In the new season's straws and most  
becoming shapes.

Inspection is Cordially Invited.

## THE PIONEER SILK STORE.

Queen's Road Central and Peninsula Hotel.

Pioneer News!

We have just unpacked Some  
ATTRACTIVE NEW GEORGETTES,  
CRYSTAL and CULTURE PEARL  
NECKLACES,  
KAYSER HOSE in the LATEST SHADES.

THE HOUSE FOR LOVELY SILKS

ONE'S HAT IS THE DECIDING FACTOR  
IN ONE'S APPEARANCE.

A Large Consignment of Chic  
EARLY SPRING MODES

IN STRAW

have just arrived and are  
being displayed  
in

LANE, CRAWFORD'S

LADIES' SECTION (MEZZANINE FLOOR)

TEL. C. 4567.

# WOMAN'S PAGE.

LA MODE IN A KINDLY MOOD.

FABRICS, COLOURS, AND LINE OF SUMMER FROCKS.

WHAT LOCAL SHOPS ARE SHEWING.

### CHEZ PAMELA.

#### FLOWERED NINON.

Certainly Madame la Mode was in a very kindly mood when she designed our summer frocks this year. The variety in style seems endless, and yet when you look more closely it is not the silhouette which varies so much as the numerous details on which chic and refinement depend.

With a wide choice of style there is also a wide choice of material. Organdie, ninon, voile, crepe de chine and a fascinating new crepe-line are all fashionable for summer wear, and you can choose for your trimmings lace and delicate embroidery of flowers, volants, or decorative bands of encrustations just as you please.

#### Fullness to the Front.

While a good many dress designers still arrange the fullness at the back, it is interesting to note a tendency to put part or all of the fullness to the front, and a front dip is also observed in some of the new hemlines.

#### Sleeves for Evening Wear.

Among the latest novelties shown on evening gowns are the sleeve gloves, made of the same material of the dress, which run from wrist to elbow.

#### Volants Appear on Sleeves.

Summer dresses often show several rows of tiny volants arranged on a diagonal. The same effect is seen on the sleeves, and occasionally a tiny volant is placed round the arm hole.

#### Fashion's New Palette.

Soft off blue, off mauve, off rose kinds of shades with a couple of floating new green tones, pale citron yellows and some pink-brown and beige shades—all tremendously flattering to the skin—are predominant, with here and there a strong gleam of one of the two new red colours. These shades are all very becoming, and what is almost equally important they blend with one another so that one hat can sometimes be made to do with two different dresses!

### SHADOW GEORGETTE.

A delightful new silk just introduced to the Colony by the PIONEER SILK STORE is called Shadow Georgette. It can be had in 15 different plain shades and has a stripe in a looser, more open weave rather like Indian muslin. This would be an excellent material for summer dresses and will undoubtedly be chosen by women who like frocks of the semi-tailored type, and find spun silk—of which they are usually made—over hot. It would also with the accompaniment of a jabot or collar of good face, make up very smartly for afternoon wear.

Another new georgette has a marbled colour stripe and can be had in various pleasing combinations of colours.

### A COMFORTABLE CHAIR.

I sat down in a most comfortable arm chair when I was waiting to be served in WHITEAWAY'S furnishing department the other day, and I much envied the person for whom it had just been made. The interesting point was that the arms sloped down from the back, which is a great deal more restful than the old-fashioned arm. The suit was upholstered in dark red cretonne with a beige and blue stripe, which looked handsome and practical.

### CURTAIN NETS.

There is an excellent selection of curtain nets, in both silk and cotton, now on show in WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW'S. They can be had in almost any colour and at prices ranging from \$1 a yard. These nets are now the most fashionable method of window treatment, and the aspect of a room can be wonderfully improved by clever window draping.

Of the Ninon Frocks, my favourite is a lovely sleeveless model, with large pink and violet roses printed on a beige ground. The bodice is semi-fitting and long in the waist. From the hip line panels, of an elongated diamond shape, fall with a rhythmic backward movement over a circular skirt. The points to which the panels are cut at the top, are stitched down for about 4 inches, and give a close hip line which is particularly graceful. An interesting detail is the cape effect at the back of the bodice.



Two sharply contrasting styles. On the left is a crinoline frock of white and Nattier blue organdie with applications of painted tulle, on the right a frilled dress of blue and white crepe de chine.

A Typical Botticelli Frock is carried out in white ninon patterned with small bright flowers in pink, blue and green. The circular skirt with its rounded floating panels is slightly longer at the front than at the back or sides. Another white ninon is printed with large wild roses in cerise, and has a full skirt with pointed panels. This model has sleeves.

Among the Voile Frocks is a fresh looking little dress of blue and white spot, with a vest and collar of white clear muslin, and a velvet belt in a deeper blue. Very attractive is a lido sand coloured voile on which is "etched" a design of leaves in thin black lines. The square cut inset panels, which give fullness to the skirt and are piped all round with a narrow edge of black, are interesting.

### BATH MATS.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW'S have a wonderful selection of bath mats. I say wonderful because they are such very utilitarian objects that you would never expect so much variety and real beauty in their design. "Punch" wrote the "TAM HATS" joke so thin that I really believe that a mat with the old familiar inscription is the only sort you can't get now-a-days. You can have roses on your mat, pink, golden, blue or violet, complete with green leaves, or, if your taste is less flowery you can have checks, squares or stripes of almost any colour you choose, even if you wish it a plain white bath mat. But you will, I believe, look in vain, even in Whiteaway's, for our old friend "TAM HATS."

The modern bath mat has other qualities besides decoration, however, it is made of very soft thick turkish towelling, which is very absorbent and can be used—unlike the old variety—by more than one person without getting limp and soaping. The prices vary with the quality but are by no means high in any case.

### IN LANE, CRAWFORD'S.

#### SILK AND VOILE.

Lane, Crawford's are showing a delightful collection of summer frocks for day and evening wear. I told you something about their evening frocks last week and to-day I want to concentrate on those for day time.

First the Silk Frocks. White trimmed with colour is as popular as it is charming. There's a little jumper suit in washing satin, the skirt pleated, and the sleeveless jumper printed in quite big scarlet polka dots. A white silk dress has two semi-circular encrusted bands of Nile green—the top one accommodating two pockets. The cuffs are a pretty pointed shape, and also of the green.

Crêpe-line is used for an all white jumper suit with pleated skirt and no sleeves, and a dress trimmed with jura. Another white frock of the same material has cleverly arranged decorative tucks piped with Nile green.

Silk Voile, a fascinating new material between cotton voile and ninon, which promises to be very fashionable this summer, is used for a smart frock of oyster with navy spots. The skirt is arranged in three tiers of volants, and a rhine stone buckle adds a touch of smartness to the belt.

Embroidered Voile is going to play a large part this summer. It is made in the most delightful pastel shades and trimmed with embroidery of small flowers in toning or contrasting colours, for afternoon or semi-evening frocks. One dress is made of white voile with a pale green plaid pattern. The bodice is piped in scallops with pink, and pink, blue and yellow flowers are embroidered round the hem and cuffs. A frock of nude voile has a double fichu edged with blue and pink, and the same colours are repeated in the smaller flowers embroidered round the hem.

Orchid Voile makes a charming little frock trimmed with squares of a paler tone set in with drawn thread work. The same effect is used for a dress of pale corn voile, trimmed with rust red and inset squares.

### PRINTED SILK

Inspirations for the new printed silks are unique this season and a great French artist has been responsible for several of the best. Fougita, the Japanese, has designed patterns which are sold exclusively to the grand couturiers. Many of the patterns this season have four or five colours, so carefully blended and harmonized, however, that a soft unity of tone prevails. A pretty example is seen in "Mikayo," a Fougita design of birds, fans, and flowers; in which soft shades of yellow, gray, green beige and blue are combined. Designs, as a rule, this season, are irregular, and seem especially adaptable to the flowing, asymmetric types of gowns now "en mode." Another Fougita pattern is very Japanese looking, with wavy lines and flowers done in single strokes of the brush or pen. Combinations of colours show green, gray and black on a beige ground; rose, beige, and black on a gray or navy ground. The same designs and colourings are carried out in a range of silk materials such as crepe satin, crepe de chine, crepe georgette and chiffon; all this with the new ensemble idea in mind. One of the most charming patterns of the Fougita list is called "Touminna" and has a small butterfly and poppy design in red on either black or gray ground, and yellow and rust on beige ground.

### MODERN JEWELLERY.

The PIONEER SILK STORE is an excellent place to which to go for modern dress jewellery. They keep a good selection of imitation jade, crystal and pearl necklaces, besides amber and ivory chains and bracelets. A shipment of crystal and pearls has arrived this week, and there are some very lovely chains of real crystal to be found at reasonable prices.

## Getting back strength after illness

It is the great restorative value of Bovril which has gained for it the universal approval of doctors and nurses. It stimulates and nourishes without any of the reaction of drugs and harmful stimulants. The good that Bovril does a convalescent is permanent good—so much ground regained on the pathway to health.



IT-MUST-BE  
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VESTS AND KICKERS.

Children's Ribbed  
Cotton Vests.

Low Neck with and without  
Sleeves.

45 cts. Each.

Ladies' Ribbed  
Cotton Vests.

Light Weight Good Wearing  
Quality.

75 cts. Each.

Artificial Silk Knickers.

Ladies' Artificial Silk Knickers, latest cut  
Styles, etc. White, Black, Apricot and Suede.  
\$3.75 TO \$6.95.

LADIES' OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

## THE DARELLE BEAUTY SHOPPE

Ice House Street

Woman's Crowning Glory is her hair,  
her beauty largely depends upon it.

HAIRCUTTING, SHAMPOO, PERMANENT  
AND MARCEL WAVING, MANICURE, Etc.  
UNDERTAKEN BY TRAINED EXPERTS.

UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

## FOR HOUSE WIVES.

Did you know that you can get, at WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW'S, a set of five aluminum saucepans for \$8.50! They are well and strongly made and in convenient sizes.

To make an orange jelly you will need 1oz. powdered gelatine, 1 pint water, 3 oz. loaf sugar, rind of three oranges, 1 pint orange juice, juice of two lemons.

Soak the gelatine in the water, add the orange rind and sugar and simmer for ten minutes, removing the scum as it rises. Remove from heat, and when it has gone off the boil add the strained orange and lemon juice. Leave to cool and then pour into a wet mould to finally set.



Is an ideal skin purifier.

Blemishes, roughness and tiny imperfections are erased from the skin surface. Your skin will grow clearer, fresher, and whiter, every day. This beauty is in the skin itself.



# WOMAN'S PAGE.

When Your Hair Has That  
"Run-Down" Look.



There is a general lowering of vitality during the spring months and the hair is very quick to respond to such changes in bodily health.

It is for this reason that the hair requires a little extra attention in the spring, if it is to remain in perfect condition.

Particular attention should be paid to brushing the hair. Cleanliness is essential to health, and brushing does for the hair what washing does for the face.

Like washing, it should be practised twice daily; first thing in the morning and last thing at night. At least four brushes should be used. This sounds rather extravagant, but, except for the initial outlay, it is not really so.

#### Four Brushes Best.

Four brushes, used in rotation, will last more than three times as long as two brushes normally would.

Use a clean brush every day and remember to wash the soiled one. The bristles of a good brush take from two to three days to become thoroughly dry.

Therefore, by using four brushes in rotation, one of the four is always in perfect condition for brushing the hair.

Providing the twice-daily brushing is carried out regularly, a good tonic is a great aid in keeping life and lustre in the hair.

The majority of hair tonics are combinations of a mild antiseptic and some oily substance. For greasy hair choose a tonic in which the oil has been diluted with rather a large amount of spirits.

For dry hair the oil should predominate. It is a good plan to make certain of this by adding a few drops of pure olive oil to a lotion before using.

During the spring it is natural for the head to shed some of its hair, and unless this becomes excessive there is no reason to become alarmed.

When the hair becomes "run-down" many people fly to shampooing as a remedy for all hair troubles. This is unwise, for, unless advised by a specialist, the hair should not be shampooed often than once a week.

In some districts where the water is very hard it is necessary to soften it before a permanent leather can be obtained. Never use soda or borax for this purpose.

Liquid ammonia is much more efficient and, as it is perfectly volatile, no injurious salts are applied to the hair which require very thorough rinsing to remove.

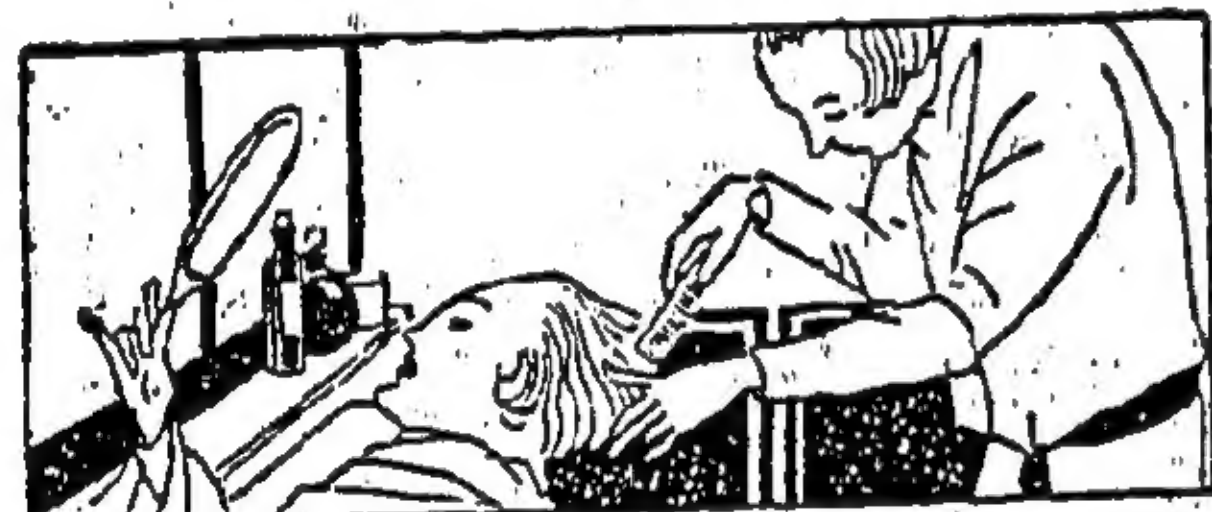
When rinsing the hair, always add ammonia to the rinsing water until it slightly smells of it. This is very important. It is quite impossible to rinse away soapy lather by using hard water.

Directly the hard water touches the lather, the soap-foam breaks down and is converted into an insoluble sticky scum which it is almost impossible to remove from the hair without shampooing it a second time.

#### Where the Specialist Can Help.

The first thing to do when you notice that your hair is looking "run down" is to pay a visit to a reliable beauty parlour—the Darelle Beauty Shoppe would be my choice in Hong Kong—and get expert advice. Brushing and cleansing are right and good, but the manner and frequency with which it is advisable to do either depend on the condition of your hair, a factor which the expert alone is capable of deciding.

There are some women whose hair is so delicate that it cannot stand the ordinary shampoo or vigorous brushing, or again, your hair may need oil or scalp massage to give it strength and gloss. Her hair, as it should be, every woman's crowning glory and it deserves as much care as she gives to her complexion and the choice of her clothes.



WHAT DOES YOUR HOME OFFER  
YOUR CHILD?

INFLUENCES AT WORK ON THE CHILD MIND.

By the atmosphere of your home, the spiritual nature of your child is moulded. Is it a place of happiness and high endeavour, has it abiding ideals of honesty, courage, tolerance and mutual helpfulness, do serenity and love dwell there?

The child's unfolding spiritual development is fostered neither by preachings nor rules, but by the atmosphere in which he daily lives and grows.

The creation of this atmosphere cannot be begun too early. All the qualities of an adequate and resourceful personality, the psychologists tell us, have their beginnings early in a child's life.

#### Significance of Early Impressions.

Affection develops into love; appreciation of shape, colour and pleasant sound gradually forms the basis of aesthetic feeling; the senses of awe and wonder, coupled with imagination and trustfulness, quietly make for the development of the soul, the spiritual quality of the individual.

In the early years of his life the child's character and career are determined.

Every school of education and psychology emphasises the profound significance of a child's earliest impressions. What he receives when he is very young he retains through life.

We are apt to do automatically what we have been trained to do in the early months and years of life.

#### Regularity.

All influences brought to bear on the lives of children which make for peace of mind, trustfulness, regularity and love contribute directly to the upbuilding of the spiritual life, while all factors which develop restlessness, distrust, irregularity or fear give rise to perplexities, which also have a definite spiritual significance.

Nothing when directly affects the spiritual or physical health or hygiene of the child is without profound meaning.

Regularity in bathing, sleeping and eating have a definite effect upon the child's temper, his receptiveness, and his general helpfulness to ideas and practices.

#### Mystical Quality of Child Nature.

The first step toward the development of an adequate spiritual background is a recognition of the mystical quality of a child's nature.

The hidden fine qualities in people, the glimpses of beauty which flash unexpectedly in and then out of life, the world of imagination as vivid to children as the world they see and touch. The other-worldly element, so often derided in a practical generation, is ever present in the lives of little children. Even the most rollicking, active youngsters, are essentially deeply mystical, and respond if given adequate spiritual nurture.

#### One Violent Scene.

It should never be forgotten that children are extraordinarily sensitive. Harshness and irascibility bring them their exquisite mental anguish. Loud scolding and vehemence can have no good result.

The child is a living spirit, responsive to the colour and texture of his social environment and especially sensitive to the voice, mood and facial expressions of those to whom he naturally turns for help and love.

One violent scene, one thoughtless slap, one degradation in the presence of third parties, can leave a lifelong impression upon the tender sensibilities of a child. Emotional unsteadiness in parents is a frequent cause of trouble in the world of little children. No one is as sensitive to a mercurial temperament as the child.

IN THE KINGDOM OF HATS.

FLOWERS, AND PRINTED SILK, MORE NEW STRAWS.

SEEN IN LOCAL SHOPS.

Happiness reigns in the kingdom of hats and in the hearts of the women privileged to wear the new creations, because the styles are both more lovely and more becoming than they have been for a long time.

#### Hat Earrings.

Earrings are often used as a decoration, with new hats as a background. The hats designed for this purpose have deep brims that curve down towards the shoulders behind the ears, so forming backdrops for the brilliance of the jewelled earrings.

These jewels are usually of the pendant type, and are chosen with



#### FELIX HAT SHOP.

There is an excellent selection of hats just now in the Felix Hat Shop. I was struck with the wide choice in smallish cloche hats for present wear in the new fancy straws in all colours.



Five smart little hats for small girls made in the same styles as those their mothers are wearing.

stones that tone with the colouring of the hat.

A variation of this fashion is the hat which has a wide brim hanging low over the cheek and ear on one side, and on the other is turned smartly up to disclose a diamond brooch from which hangs an immense aquamarine drop that gives the effect of an earring.

#### Fascinating Straws.

Never, perhaps, has there been such a fascinating variety of straws and combinations of straws as are showing this summer. Leghorn and crinoline is a new and delightful ensemble, and the list of novelty straws is too long to enumerate.



FOR YOUR COOKERY  
BOOK.

A GOOD PIQUANT SAUCE.

First of all make a foundation of Espagnole sauce. This is made from half a pint brown stock, 1 oz. butter, 1 1/2 oz. flour, ounce lean bacon or ham, a few mushrooms or mushroom trimmings, two tomatoes, piece of carrot and turnip, a small onion, small bunch of herbs, a clove, two pepper-corns, a glass of sherry.

Cut up the vegetables and ham and fry in hot butter for five minutes. Add the flour and cook until light brown, then add the herbs, spices, tomato and mushrooms, pepper and salt, and the stock. Stir until boiling, and simmer for one hour, skimming when necessary. Add the wine, boil up again, skim and strain through a fine gravy strainer.

(Continued at foot of next column).

A Scarf of Beige Crêpe de Chine with pink and red spots is wound round a gracefully shaped capeline of beige tagel. One of the new soft woven straws in a warm beige colour, is used for a small trimmed hat which is smartly banded with two rows of black and beige gros grain ribbon.

An Attractive Afternoon Hat is made of coons brown tagel with a wide brim bound at the edge with velvet, a swathe of velvet ribbon is placed round the crown. Another pleasing little model is of loosely woven silk straw in water green, and has a wide band of green satin ribbon and well placed bow of the same. An interesting trimming appears on a cloche of beige tagel in the form of a band of black patent leather.

The Attractive Combination of lido blue and black is used for one of the smartest examples I have seen of the new turban cloche. The straw is black baki, the blue being used for the outer edge of the brim, and an inserted circular band on the side top of the crown which suggests the folds of a turban. A blue gros grain ribbon with a pleated mount, makes an admirable trimming.

Beige Straws of every tone are fashionable this year, and I noticed that the Felix Hat Shop have now an excellent selection of these in large and small shapes. Almost every sort of straw now in favour is used for beige models, whereas a black or dark blue hat is nearly always carried out in crin, baki, or hankok. Of course, we have long ago discovered that most shades of beige can be worn with good effect with almost any colour dress, and it is very general becoming as a frame to the face.

For the piquant sauce take this quantity of Espagnole sauce and two tablespoonfuls vinegar, a dozen peppercorns, a few drops anchovy essence, a teaspoonful chopped capers, and the same quantity of chopped gherkins and of chopped parsley. Boil the vinegar and peppercorns until vinegar is reduced to half. Strain, add the other ingredients, and re-heat.

#### DOLLY VARDON HATS.

The Dolly Vardon Hat Shop has, as usual, a most fascinating display. Over one hundred new hats arrived this week in various different styles, of which I have only space to mention a few.

Leghorn is going to be the choice of many smart women this summer, and is particularly smart with black crin as its partner. One model has the crown of white leghorn and a wide drooping brim of black crin. A wide swathe of black satin ribbon fastened by a small diamond pin makes a very smart finish. Another large hat of white leghorn is trimmed with a swathe of black satin ribbon and has a white camelia posed on the brim. A becoming poke-bonnet-cloche, has a crown of black crin and brim of white leghorn, with a narrow black ribbon and two white camelias as trimming.

Crin Straw has taken a very important place this summer. It is new, however, to find it used in conjunction with another favourite, printed silk. Gaily printed silk is used to underline the crowns of many large crin capelines, and is sometimes used to bind the edge of the brims. Brims are also bound with a braid of varnished straw, or underlined at the edge with gros grain to give them a slight stiffening. Some of the very fine crin straws have a band round the crown and another across the top, the effect in wear being that of a decorative bandeau worn over the hair, and fastened, generally, with a small jewelled pin. There is a very charming hat stressing this feature which is carried out in cocoa brown crin, with ribbon, to tone, and another in oyster colour with lido blue ribbon with a narrow lemon edge.

Lace Allied With Crin is exceedingly smart. A lovely hat of black crin with a wide sweeping brim has the outer half of the brim made of two thicknesses of slightly stiffened black lace. Another smaller capeline is made of tulle-fine oyster crin covered with blonde lace, and bound round the crown with beige gros grain ribbon.

Crin and Printed Silk is used for several hats in fuchsia tones. In some cases the silk which underlines the crown is printed and in others plain. A stitched silk-brim in a toning crêpe de chine is used for one cloche of fuchsia crin.

Angora Wool is used on some lovely little crin hats in pastel shades, which are trimmed with squares or triangles of corded silk, in contrasting tones, stitched on with the wool.

#### Flowers appearing.

Flowers and ribbons claim a definite place in millinery modes this season. Either may be large or small, but wide swathes of lovely ribbon and big soft flowers are old friends which most of us are delighted to welcome back again into millinery modes.



BISHOP'S APPEAL TO GIRL  
BEAUTY.

#### A "VULGAR" PAGEANT.

Lisl Goldarbeiter, the beautiful Viennese recently elected "Miss Austria" and invited to take part in the American beauty contest at Galveston, recently received a letter from the Bishop of Galveston urging her not to appear in the contest under the title "Miss Universe." "Galveston beauty pageant," says the Bishop, "is an uncouth, vulgar display for the purpose of advertising, and you will have to parade in a swimming suit before a motley crowd who will inspect you at close range as they might a beautiful animal. I cannot imagine any self-respecting person entering the contest. Fraulein Goldarbeiter says she will reconsider her decision to take part."

KING  
VIDOR'S

Production

THE

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Directed by the  
man who made

"THE BIG  
PARADE"



RATE relentlessly pulls the strings in a stirring drama of to-day. The story of a marriage that goes smash and how it is saved in one of the most tense climaxes ever filmed!

AT THE

QUEEN'S

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.

The story of the most delightful rascal of all time told against a background of bewildering and beautiful fancy!



THE ESSENCE OF THE ARABIAN KNIGHTS!

AT THE

WORLD

TO-DAY TO  
SUNDAY

Orchestra 5.15 & 8.20.

Interpreter 2.30 & 7.15.

A FILM OF LAUGHS, CHARM AND THRILLS!

MARION  
DAVIES

Lights of  
Old  
Broadway

FROM THE PLAY, "THE MERRY WIVES OF GOTHAM!"

with CONRAD NAGEL

AT THE

STAR

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

At 5.30 & 8.20.



COMING TO THE

QUEEN'S

SUNDAY &  
MONDAY

YOU KNOW

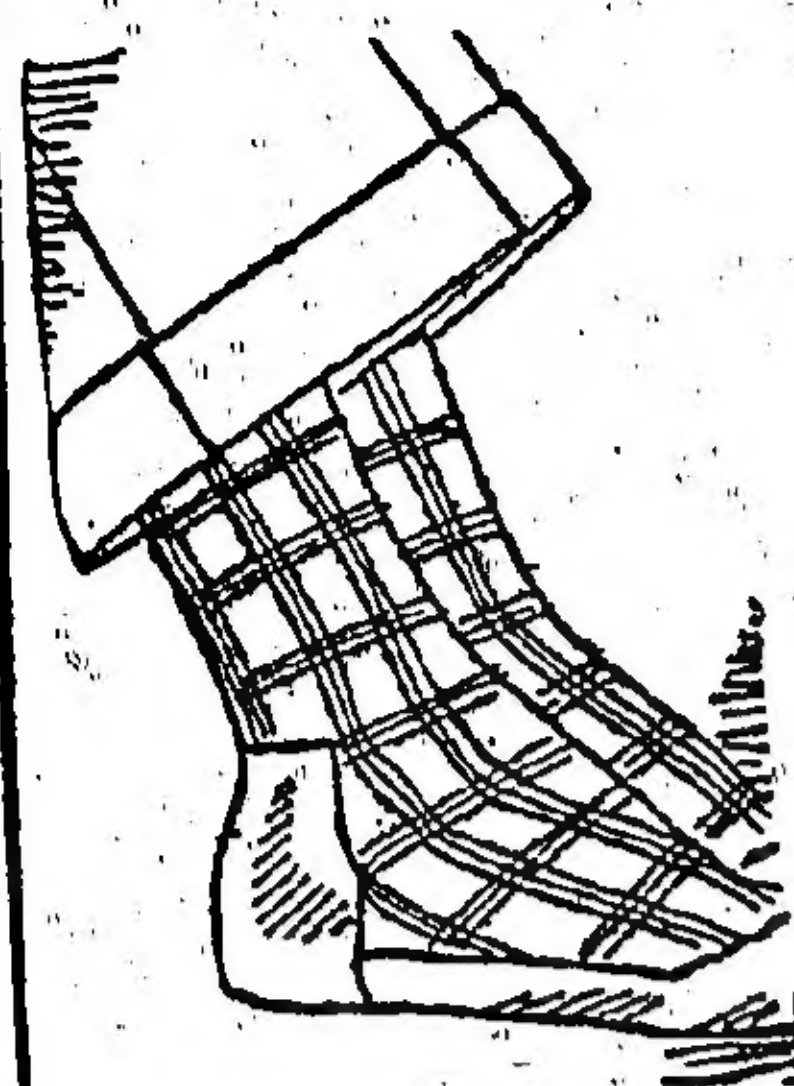
YOU WON'T WRITE

So better send your old mess-mate  
a *Weekly Press* while he is away.  
Let us have his Address, and send  
us \$7.50 and we will send it to him

FOR SIX MONTHS



## SUMMER SOCKS



Amongst our new stock of Summer socks will be found some to suit your taste.

There are plain silk or lisle thread socks, cotton and artificial silk mixtures and an unusually large range of designs in silk and wool.

Prices range from \$1.25 to \$4.00 a pair, less 10% discount for cash.

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MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS  
ALEXANDRA BUILDING. DES VOEUX ROAD



Five Kings?

Yes—  
when the fifth is  
"KING GEORGE IV."

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SUN AND  
WEATHERPROOF

**Tropical Helmet**

THE "IMPERIAL" HELMET

A very light but serviceable Helmet. Composition Body.  
Fine White Drill Covering.

STANDARD  
VALUE  
PRICE **\$7.50**

OTHER QUALITIES

\$9.50, \$10.50, \$11.50 & \$13.50.

GENTS' OUTFITTING DEPT.

**WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.**

## K.C. CROSS-EXAMINES HANDWRITING EXPERT.

MR. POTTER RECALLS FAMOUS FORGERY CASES.

DRAMATIC MOMENTS IN YESTERDAY'S HEARING OF BANK CASE.

LANTERN SLIDES OF TSANG'S WRITING.

During yesterday's hearing of the action brought by the Attorney-General on behalf of the Government against the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, arising out of the Treasury frauds, before the Chief Justice (Sir Henry Gollan) and a Special Jury in the Supreme Court, Professor Shellshear, of Hong Kong University, continued his evidence-in-chief.

The Court adjourned during the forenoon to His Lordship's Chambers, where a screen and projector had been arranged for the purpose of screening, by means of lantern slides, for the Jury's benefit, portions of writing to illustrate the points brought out by Professor Shellshear.

The lantern demonstration in the Judge's chambers lasted an hour and three quarters.

### PROBLEMS OF PEN PRESSURE.

On returning to Court, Professor Shellshear continued his evidence-in-chief, in the course of which he gave detailed and technical descriptions of Tsang On Wing's handwriting.

Witness said he had made an exhaustive study of a number of known genuine cheques bearing Tsang's handwriting, which contained certain observable and significant forms of habits. These witness described in detail, after which he said that the writing in the bodies of the three disputed cheques showed the same forms and habits as in genuine writing.

With regard to pen pressure, the signatures were more marked on the disputed cheques than the writing in the bodies, but the pressure observable in the bodies of the disputed cheques was similar to that seen on genuine cheques.

**Professor's Cross-Examination.**  
Counsel: When were you retained by the bank in connection with these cheques?—I am not certain; I think it was the 19th or 20th of January.

Was it a verbal or a written retainer?—It was not written. As a result of a telegraphic communication?—I can't remember. I believe that it was, but I cannot say for sure.

From whom?—I cannot say for certain, but I think it was from Mr. Lewis. It was a long while ago, and I have not a note of that.

It is an important point, because the suggestion has been made that the bank had no idea of the authenticity and genuineness of the cheques being challenged before that date. A good deal of capital has been made out of that by the other side. If we are wrong in any of our submissions, you can correct us later and you can correct the date later. I suppose you must have been told why you were retained?—On account of three cheques.

You can't remember, I suppose, whether it was stated that there was a possibility of forgery?—No. You will agree that anybody in the bank seeking your aid would not do so unless some question of forgery arose?—I can't conceive of any other reason.

### Not An Expert.

You have said, according to previous evidence, that you were approached by Mr. King, who asked for your assistance on behalf of the Government because he regarded you as an expert in handwriting?—You never claimed to be an expert.

No. You had disclaimed that you were an expert in this Court?—Yes. I suggest that idea could never have entered the brain of the authorities?—I understand it did.

Really? When you expressly disclaimed disqualification of being an expert?—I thought he wanted my advice.

You have given evidence with regard to forged cheques in this Court before, when you were able to go into the witness-box and say you had measured the signatures and cheques with scientific instruments?—Yes. That class of evidence I have given before.

You have never stood in the witness-box as a handwriting expert?—No.

You will, I am sure, agree that if Tsang wrote on those cheques he must be a criminal?

Witness hesitated, and then replied: "I suppose so."

That shows how important this point is. The first time you went to give evidence as an expert was in the Yeo case?—Yes.

When was it that you decided that you were an expert?—In the Yeo case I decided I had to take a stand other than the one I had previously taken. Either I was or I was not an expert and qualified to speak, so I decided that I possessed the qualification.

You were forced to make that decision because unless you took that qualification your evidence would not have been permissible?—Yes.

You were brought to make that decision by the class of evidence you had to give in this case. Did you consult anybody about taking that stuff?—I think now that I spoke to counsel, Mr. Jenkin.

He has been of considerable assistance to you throughout? Before this case I mean? In getting your evidence?—Yes.

Did you consult anybody else before you decided to make the claim?—I took my own responsibility.

But he perfectly clear about this. Did you consider anybody else?—I don't remember.

How came you take up handwriting study at all?—I became interested in it about five years ago.

Were you advised to take it up?—I was asked to look at cheques, and pass opinion on the writing.

That was, of course, long before the Yeo case? Who asked you?—Mr. Jenkin.

Did that start your career as an expert?—Not in handwriting but on the neurological side. I had taken it up before.

Ah! That is the nervous system to which you are referring? That forms part of your career, I suppose?—Yes.

Perhaps I might make it clear, Professor, that I am making no suggestion against Mr. Jenkin, nor am I attempting in any way to discount your skill, but this is a very serious case and we must be perfectly sure without any trace of doubt as to the ground on which we stand. I am making no aspersions against anybody.

His Lordship: No, No!

Counsel: Did you take up the study of handwriting as a habit of to make it part of your professional career?—At first out of pure interest.

I am right in saying that in your career, when you have given evidence in matters pertaining to false cheques, you have not given evidence except at Mr. Jenkin's request?—Yes.

I imagine that Mr. Jenkin would not look upon your qualification with a benevolent eye, so I am saying nothing against Mr. Jenkin. In how many cases have you investigated alleged forged writing?—About four or five.

Is that all?—Yes.

Including this case?—Yes.

**Detection of Forgery.**

This also is most important. I gather from your evidence that granted sufficient data, by that I mean sufficient genuine and sufficient disposed writing, you can detect any forgery?—Yes.

So that the detection of forgery, as you say, has been brought to an exact science?—Provided you have sufficient material.

Has this become the case only in recent years or has it been so for years?—I think that it is not so very recent, since the use of scientific instruments for the detection of forgery came into being.

What scientific instrument? The microscope? That has been in existence for many years?—Yes.

And the theory of pen pressure has also been in use for many years?—Yes.

There is nothing novel about these things! They have gone on for generations?—I can't say. It is fairly obvious that these are old methods?—What do you call old?

I find it hard to put it in so many words, but they have been in use for a considerable number of years?—I think so.

Well, then, an exact science ought to put this Court right out of possible to detect forgeries easily by its application, I mean. Do you put a converse, that you can also attribute a particular piece of writing to a particular person?—There might be room for error.

So that you will say, given this material, "That is a forgery"?—If there is enough data.

I think this is only logic. In the same way, granted sufficient data, you can attribute to a specific person specific writing?—I think it is possible.

With what would you call a moral certainty?—Well, yes. Without any room for doubt?—One would, of course, reckon in the human element. I think a man must be perfectly open and reasonable, and if he is he can form a definite opinion.

Do you never entertain doubts?—I do feel doubtful at times.

So must any man's mind. And he must look at things honestly and squarely.

### An Exact Science.

His Lordship: You claim that the detection of forgery is an exact science, and that by its application writing "A" and writing "B" can be classified as genuine or spurious?

Witness: The methods in use are exact.

Counsel: That was never put to you.

His Lordship: That is not the answer I want, doctor. To call a science "exact" is a big thing. The law, for instance, is not by any means an exact science. (Laughter.)

Mr. Potter: Nor are the methods by which you and I play golf, doctor. (Laughter.)

Mr. Jenkin: And certainly not when you hole out in one. (Laughter.)

Mr. Potter: No. As my learned friend says, there is no science in that.

Witness: What I meant to imply was that the method are applied exactly.

His Lordship: That is a different thing.

Mr. Potter (to witness): I put the same question to you in the Yeo trial. You need not be afraid to answer. There is no question of trapping you. I rather pressed the point before, and it was so opened by learned counsel. If you would like to give up that position, I should be very pleased. What do you say?—I hold to the opinion that forgery can be detected.

His Lordship: You don't claim that by this handwriting science that you can undertake to discover every forgery?—I can't say. I would rather not go to that extent.

Mr. Potter: Then it is not an exact science?—I presume it is not.

### Inaccuracy Admitted.

Counsel then read extracts from notes taken at the Yeo trial. Witness had then said in effect that given one word it was possible to detect whether it was a forgery.

That was wrong! On your previous evidence either you spoke hastily or under distress of cross-examination. I don't think I am saying you told an untruth willfully, but it was wrong?—Yes.

Raising his voice, Mr. Potter exclaimed: "Do you appreciate that a statement might have had very great weight with the jury trying a man on a very serious criminal charge? They might have acquitted the man. Never mind, you have admitted that the statement was not correct. If it is not correct to say you can detect forgery by the application of what you term an exact science, do you agree that it would be much more difficult to attribute specific writing to a specific person? I think it is possible.

I will read to you an extract of a case which occurred in 1912, known as the "Wakefield and Bishop of Lincoln case," in which the Privy Council attached the greatest importance, not to the evidence of the handwriting expert, but to surrounding circumstances. The handwriting expert was merely a link in the chain, and the expert said: "It is not possible to say definitely that anybody wrote a particular thing. All you can do is to draw comparisons and point out similarities between genuine and alleged forged writing." I understand you don't agree with that?—I think so.

If you like, you can take a report of the case away with you, study it, and answer me to-morrow morning. No expert can stand in the witness-box in an English Court and say he can definitely attribute a certain piece of writing to a certain person. That is not what you are doing to Mr. Messer, Mr. Black, and Tsang's writing?—I have put forward my evidence, and given my opinion.

Do you claim as an expert that you can attribute specific writing to a specific person?—You say you can. I hold that opinion, but I admit possibility of being wrong.

Suppose we had a fellow expert on the other side in this case and he disagreed with you. He would say that was dishonest?—No, it would be perfectly open for another expert to give another answer or opinion, honestly, fairly, and confidently.

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That is very fair of you, Doctor. There are two big points at issue in connection with your method of detection, and there are also two big difficulties. The difficulty of calculating, and the difficulty of estimating, pen pressure, etc., and these merely emphasise the point that the expert might disagree with you. There might be a good deal of opinion.

### The Yeo Case.

I want a word about the Yeo case, not for suggesting that the jury are bound in any way. They are as free as the air, but it is important from your point of view, Doctor. At the trial, which lasted about thirteen days with a special jury, you were the only witness for the defence, and you told me that although you were a witness your one and only client was the Hong Kong Bank. So that Yeo was not your client?—The Bank was paying me then.

Never mind about that; you gave evidence on behalf of Yeo. I don't care who your client was, but you put the same points to that jury that you are doing now?—Yes.

You have all the material or data you desire?—Yes.

You will remember that three points were at issue. (1) The body of the cheques were in Tsang's handwriting; (2) Whether or not Mr. Messer's signature was forged or genuine; and (3) Whether Mr. Black's signature was forged or genuine. They were the only three points, and on those you gave very lengthy and detailed evidence, as in this case?—Yes.

Not precisely, but on the same lines?—Yes.

The jury found the man guilty, that the cheques were forged, and that he uttered them. But at that trial, at which you had all materials before you, the special jury could not have agreed with your evidence and still have found a verdict, because they found that the cheques were forged, and you said that the cheques were genuine?

Witness hesitated.

Have you any doubt?—Yes.

**The Two Juries.**

I have no desire to disparage your skill, Doctor, but here is a jury which says we don't agree with you, and you are asking another jury to agree with you. I put it to you that the former jury could not have agreed with you and found the verdict that they did?—I took it as the case.

You know that for the purposes of the defence of Yeo, not only were you retained by the Bank as an expert permitted to give evidence on behalf of Yeo for trying this issue, but also to decide "were the cheques genuine"?—Yes.

I put it to you that the Government gave permission to go to the Bank and extract any cheques you saw fit for the purpose of examining and for the purpose of testing this very issue?—I believe it to be the case.

You know it to be the case?—Yes.

You could do as you liked with them?—Yes. We were granted anything we desired. Greater facilities, no Government could give for the defence of a criminal.

It would also be within your knowledge that the Government gave permission to Mr. Jenkin to go to the Treasury and extract every voucher for 1937?—I think so.

The Government went out of its way to try and discover whether these cheques were forged?—Yes.

The Bank knew you were assisting in the defence. Do you recollect that during the trial the Government, through me, made a protest that a specimen of the signature of Mr. Black was given to you and photographed by you?—Yes.

And the learned Judge made an order for you to return the photograph and negative?—Yes.

Because you took the photographs without their knowledge or permission?—Yes.

A signature is a confidential document, and you would not like your signature to be photographed?—I don't know.

I think there would be a grievance if your signature was photographed and put at the disposal of strangers in the Colony?—I think so.

How did you get Mr. Black's signature?—I got it from the Bank. I asked for it.

Who gave it to you?—I forgot, but I think Mr. Proctor.

Was Mr. Jenkin present?—My memory is a little hazy.

Who did you ask for?—I can't remember.

Try to remember! Who brought it to you?—It was brought to me in the office, and as near as I can say it was brought to me by Mr. Proctor, and it is quite possible it is Mr. Proctor who asked for it.

Were you justified in asking for it without the consent of the Government?—I had some consultation before I went.

With whom?—I think with counsel, but I could not be certain.

You realised that a paper bearing a specimen signature of Mr. Black was a highly confidential document?—I suppose it was.

So that in addition to cheques from the Bank, vouchers from the Treasury, you had a specimen and photograph of Mr. Black's signature in the hands of the defence?—Yes.

You could not wish for more material than that?—No.

For the purposes of this case you had been given permission to use any cheques out of a total of 18,000?—Yes. There has been no limitation, nor could the Government have done anything more to assist me; I had everything I wanted.

**Three Methods of Forgery.**

There are three methods adopted by forgers or, at any rate, you gave us three before. First, there is the ordinary old-fashioned method of tracing; secondly, copying over a glass above a light; and thirdly, writing with a free hand. You can have a combination of methods two and three?—I don't think it is possible.

I do not say that it is possible to bring about a successful forgery by the combination, but it is possible for a man to adopt it when endeavouring to produce a forgery?—Yes.

His Lordship: I take it you mean a man's equipping himself to produce a forgery by freepand?—That method can be used.

Counsel: So that for future reference we will call this combination the fourth method. In all those efforts a man must be skilful to achieve success?—Yes.

A skilled forger can produce a signature which will deceive the alleged writer?—I think that might be so.

Did you see a recent account in a local paper or in the London Daily Express of a forgery in which it was said that the forgery was so clever that it would be against public policy to disclose the details?—I cannot say.

His Lordship: Mr. Potter is coming very near your point, Mr. Jenkin.

Mr. Jenkin (smilingly): Yes, my Lord.

Mr. Potter (to witness): Do you think it is possible for a forger to deceive a man whose writing is being exploited?—I don't know.

It is not possible to deceive an expert?—A forger could not do that. I don't think he could.

You could not be deceived by forgery when bankers and business men are being deceived every day. Bank officials are rather experts on handwriting, are they not?—Yes.

The Hong Kong Bank recently kept a number of notes as genuine when they were forged?—I don't know.

The signatures on the bank notes were forged?—I don't know.

I am sure that it happened. Have you studied any cases recently?—I have studied the Wakefield case.

I can read you another case, that of Adolphe Beck, who was arrested in London for obtaining money from women and was convicted.

Evidence was given by that great Treasury expert on handwriting, Gurin, who swore positively that certain documents were in the handwriting of Beck and that certain peculiarities in Beck's writing were the same as those of a man named Smith, who had been convicted before, and that Beck was in reality the man Smith. After serving five years Beck was released, but was arrested again in 1904 on a similar charge.

Mr. Gurin went to the Old Bailey, proved that forgery had been committed, and that the handwriting was that of Beck, who was again convicted and sentenced to two years. Later, the real Smith was arrested, and it was

(Continued on page 5)







## INTIMATIONS.

## NOTICE.

AS From This Date Mrs. B. L. SETON-WINTON has severed her Connection with Our Firm by mutual consent and his Powers of Attorney for the Undersigned are duly revoked.

S. J. DAVID & CO.  
ARCHIBALD DAVID.  
Hong Kong, May 1st, 1929. [7763]

## NOTICE.

THE AUTOCAR FIRE & ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, owing to the Restriction implied by the Word "AUTOCAR" as to the Classes of Business transacted, the above Company's Name has been Changed to

GUTHRIE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED

as From Date.

By Order,  
G. E. HUYGEN,  
Agents,  
February 20th, 1929. [7763]

CHINA SUGAR REFINING CO., LIMITED.

(In Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held in the BOARD ROOM of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., 2nd Floor, 4th May, 1929, at 12 O'clock NOON, for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the proposed Extraordinary Resolution, viz—

"That Mr. ARCHIBALD RITCHIE, Chartered Accountant, of the Firm of Messrs. LOWE, BINGHAM & MATTHEWS be appointed to act as the Liquidator of the Company in conjunction with Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & COMPANY, LIMITED, during the Absence, from the Colony of Mr. JOHN FLEMING, C.A., one of the originally appointed Liquidators of the Company."

AND  
NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that in pursuance of Section 187 (2) of the Companies Ordinance 1911, A GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Same Place on TUESDAY, 4th MAY, at 12 O'clock NOON, immediately after the Termination of the aforementioned Extraordinary General Meeting, for the purpose provided for in the said Section.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.  
JOHN FLEMING, C.A.,  
Hong Kong, 8th May, 1929. [7747]

## HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

## NOTICE.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of YOUNG MEMBERS will be held in the JOCKEY CLUB ROOM, HONG KONG CLUB ANNEX, on FRIDAY, 17th MAY, 1929, at 5.10 P.M.

By Order,

C. B. BROWN,  
Secretary.  
Hong Kong, 30th Apr., 1929. [7716]

THE CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LTD.

## NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FORTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Offices of the Undersigned on THURSDAY, 23rd MAY, 1929, at NOON, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Agents, together with a Statement of Accounts for the Year ended the 31st December, 1928.

The SHARE REGISTER and TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 9th to the 23rd MAY, 1929, Both Days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

General Agents.

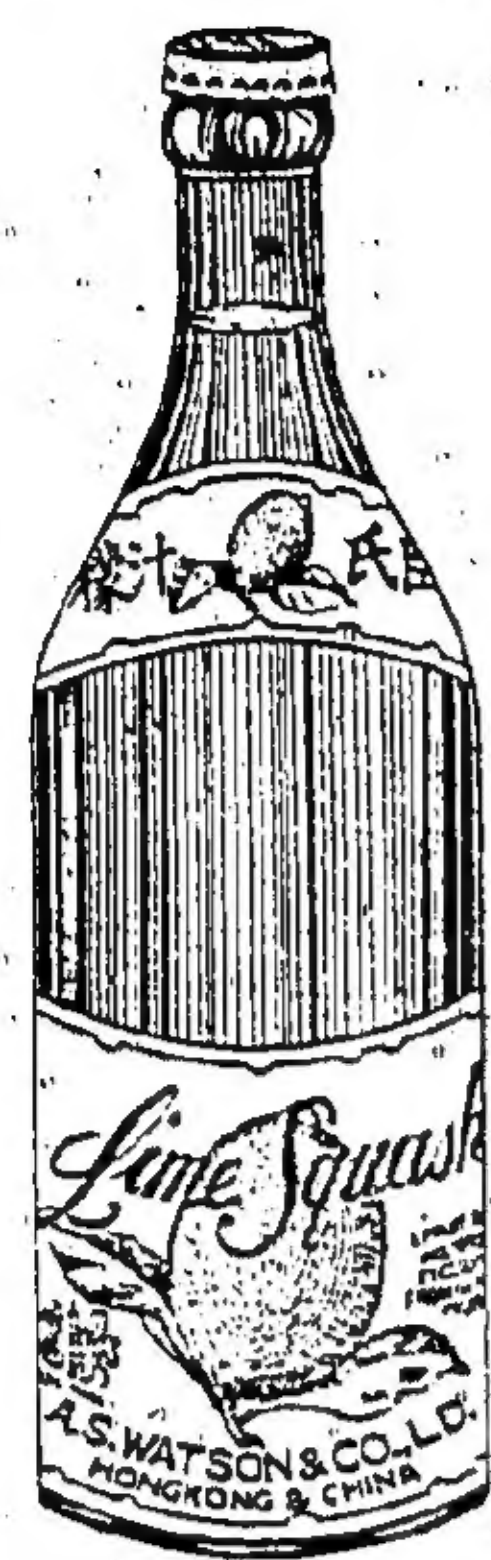
Hong Kong, 2nd May, 1929. [7724]

HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Provisional Certificate No. 57/1182 dated Hong Kong, 20th FEBRUARY, 1929, for One Share Numbered 131473 in the Name of LO WING CHUN, Provisional Certificate No. 57/1183 dated Hong Kong, 20th FEBRUARY, 1929, for One Share Numbered 131473 in the Name of LO WING CHONG and Certificate No. 57/1182 dated Hong Kong, 21st FEBRUARY, 1929, for One Share Numbered 120305 in the Name of GERARDUS WOUDEBERG, have been LOST or STOLEN, and should these Certificates not be produced to the Bank before the 10th MAY, 1929, New Certificates for the Shares will be issued and the said Certificates Provisional No. 57/1182 and Provisional No. 57/1183 and No. 57/1182 1929 will be therefor treated by this Corporation as Null and Void.

By Order of the Court of Directors,  
A. C. HYNES,  
Chief Manager.  
Hong Kong, 10th Apr., 1929. [7633]

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11, Ice House Street,  
Hong Kong.

## WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.15 p.m., stated:—

Pressure is highest to the north-east of Japan and relatively low over China generally. The depression remains over Tongking.

Local Forecast:—S. or variable winds, moderate, fair to showery.

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## The Daily Press

HONG KONG, MAY 10, 1929.

## PRESS INFLUENCE ON POLITICS.

EVERY mail from England now brings news of many interesting sidelights on the political struggle now in progress. Among the more piquant incidents bearing upon the coming general election is the bitter quarrel which has broken out between the *Morning Post* and the *Daily Mail*, two journals which always had a fierce hatred of Socialism—and now hate each other as bitterly.

The trouble started when Lord ROTHERMERE, owner of the *Daily Mail* group of newspapers, charged the Conservatives, through the *Morning Post*, another staunch Conservative organ, with having won the last election with money accumulated by the sale of peerages, baronetcies, and knight-hoods.

The charge was contained in a letter from Lord ROTHERMERE published on the main news page of the *Post* recently, and simultaneously published in the *Daily Mail*. The battle thus started was an echo of a former quarrel about eighteen months ago over the *Lloyd George* "personal fund." It may be recalled that at that time ROTHERMERE stigmatised his dignified adversary as an "organ of the servant's hall, fit only for kitchen-maids." The previous day the *Post* had annoyed the owner of the *Daily Mail* by scoffing at his campaign to get Conservatives and Liberals to join forces against the "common enemy of Socialism." The *Post* observed that ROTHERMERE "stood convicted of what is vulgarly known as talking through one's hat," and quoted Sir HERBERT SAMUEL, chairman of the Liberal party organisation, as "categorically" denying the possibility of any alliance with any party.

Lord ROTHERMERE wrote a second letter in which he explained that the Conservatives were, in his opinion, quite unable to win the election single-handed, and must therefore seek the aid of the Liberals in order to keep Labour out. "Once the 'Socialists' obtain a majority," it may be half a generation before the British people see another moderate Government in office," warned Lord ROTHERMERE. The *Post* retorted with excerpts from various ROTHERMERE journals purporting to show the "quick-change politics" of their owner. From the *Sunday Dispatch* of October 21 last was gleaned the opinion that "in some respects distinct benefits might accrue to the country from the arrival in power of a Labour Government." In February Lord ROTHERMERE announced, said the *Post*, that "Labour will win." In March a ROTHERMERE organ wrote: "It is possible to keep the 'Socialists' out without giving votes to an underserving Government, by voting Liberal." Next morning the *Daily Mail* proclaimed the need of a union between the anti-Socialist parties to fight the "menace of Socialism." An accompanying editorial in the *Post* pointed out that this last attitude "has been maintained for a full fortnight—quite a long time for the ROTHERMERE Press."

The second day of the interchange the Labour organ *Daily Herald* observed that "Lord ROTHERMERE has gone abroad, leaving his newspapers behind him with instructions to continue the fight." The third day's battle resolved itself into an explanatory letter from Lord ROTHERMERE not published in the *Post*, but appearing in the *Daily Mail* as having been sent to the *Post*, while the reverse occurred in case of a letter from Mr. H. A. GWYNNE, editor of the *Morning Post* to the editor of the *Mail*. Lord ROTHERMERE's letter declared he had never been inconsistent, and that he now believed the Labour Party would certainly have the largest membership in the next Parliament, with Liberals probably second. Mr. GWYNNE's letter quoted a cable received from Lord ROTHERMERE notifying the *Post* of the dispatch of the third letter, to which Mr. GWYNNE stated he had replied stating he would be unable to publish it unless given similar space for his own communication in the *Mail*. Lord ROTHERMERE is quoted as "indignantly" declining to "give the editor of the *Post* twenty times the publicity its own limited circulation can obtain for him."

In some quarters it is believed this wordy battle will have a good result in bringing out certain facts regarding the method of awarding honours which neither the Conservative nor Liberal Party organisers wish to be revealed. Apart from this unsavoury subject, it is very interesting to observe how the English papers are grouping themselves in the present political struggle. It will be still more interesting to see what effect massed Press opinion will have upon the political sympathies of the people. The Conservatives have the solid support of the *Times*, *Morning Post* and *Daily Telegraph*. The Liberals have behind them the *Daily News* and *Daily Chronicle*—but they are getting considerable support from an unexpected quarter. Lord ROTHERMERE and Lord BEVERBROOK, who control two very powerful groups of newspapers centred on the *Daily Mail* and *Daily Express* are throwing their political weight into the Liberal scale. It is not that these Press magnates have any particular liking for Lloyd GEORGE, but they fear the Labour party getting into power as a result of anti-Labour votes being divided between Conservatives and Liberals—or at best that Labour will be returned in such strength as to constitute a very formidable Opposition. The large number of newspapers controlled by Sir WILLIAM BERRY are Conservative in tone, but here again it is significant that no determined opposition is being shown to Lloyd GEORGE. There is evidently a feeling that the Conservative chances at the coming election are not too favourable, and the open support or friendly neutrality shown by Conservative papers towards Lloyd GEORGE means that of two evils—Liberal or a Labour Government—they would prefer the lesser. The situation is a novel one, and the result of the polls will show to what extent this remarkable Press campaign has affected the political sympathies of newspaper readers.

## News and Views.

Major W. A. F. Kerrie, D.S.O., M.C., R.E., will assume the duties of President, Hong Kong Area Trade Testing Board, vice Major C. W. R. Tuke, M.C., R.A., with effect from June 1.

It has been decided that troops not forming permanent garrisons may be allowed to be in possession of their medals, and officers in charge of Records have been instructed to issue any such medals in their possession to Officers Commanding the units concerned.

The four Chinese who were charged with possession of property stolen from Eli Cottage, Kowloon Tong (where the occupier, a Chinese gardener was murdered some time ago), were discharged by Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith yesterday, as there was no evidence of guilty knowledge.

A junk left Hong Kong on the 7th instant with 50 tons of coal for Castle Peak. So far, it has failed to arrive at its destination. The number of the junk is T.5788 and is owned by Chinese.

Work was commenced last night to make an elevation about six inches high directly in front of the Star Ferry Wharf Hong Kong to prevent traffic from encircling the lamp-post at this spot.

Mr. Purvis of the P.W.D. made a report to the Police yesterday that three swings at the Children's Public Playground in Chatham Road had been cut and that the padlocks on the sec-saws had been broken by some unknown person.

Rivalry over a conservancy contract has led to a feud between two factions at Aberdeen. The coolies employed by the unsuccessful contractor, in order to impede and inconvenience their rivals, resorted to breaking the night-soil receptacles. Later more desperate measures were taken, and on Wednesday night a coolie was prevented from going his rounds by two women, who attacked him. The parties appeared before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at the Central Magistracy yesterday, and were bound over in the sum of \$50 to keep the peace. His Worship hinted that if there should be any further trouble he would send the offenders to prison.

## Yesterday's "Frost."

Not until the moon's shadow had passed away completely did the sun really show his face yesterday in Hong Kong. All day the sky was overcast, and though it was possible after time to get a fitful glimpse of the sun, it was not until about fifteen minutes after the eclipse was over that his Majesty came out and stayed out. So far as this Colony is concerned, yesterday's event was a "frost," but the heavy rain showers fully compensated us for the lost opportunity of watching the eclipse. The replenishment of our water supplies is a much more urgent matter than blinking at solar phenomena through dark glasses.

## Chinese Aviator's Feet.

Some time this week-end Chen Wen Lin, a Chinese aviator, should arrive in Canton on his long flight from London to Nanjing. Not much attention has been given to Mr. Chen's adventure, though it is quite a remarkable one. He is the first Oriental aviator to make a long-distance flight, and he has flown from London to Hanoi with the minimum of publicity—thus breaking two records. He leaves for Peking to-day (Friday), and thence to Canton, and it is hoped will make a passing call at Hong Kong. Mr. Chen's machine is an Avrobian, a British airplane fitted with Citrus engines—which supplied the power enabling Sir Alan Cobham to fly from London to Zurich and back in one day, a distance of about one thousand miles. Mr. Chen has attempted nothing so spectacular; he was content to attempt to fly steadily eastward from London to China, and that he has done. From Canton he proposes to fly to Amoy (his native city), where he will find awaiting him three machines similar to his own, thence proceeding to Shanghai and Nanjing. The successful flight made by Mr. Chen is one of his countrymen may be well proud, and incidentally we are pleased to note the fact that this long flight from London has been made on a British airplane.

## Government Wireless School.

The Government Radio office invites British subjects with a good knowledge of English to join the Wireless School. Approved students will be given one month's trial free, and on the satisfactory completion of trial will be accepted for training in the Government School of Wireless Telegraphy. The fee will be \$10 per month, payable in advance. The average period of training required for a student to obtain a Coastal Certificate is from six to nine months, and the pay of a ship's operator varies from \$60 to \$100 per month with food and accommodation. The Government do not undertake to employ or to secure employment for successful students, but they will be eligible for consideration for vacancies in the Government staff. The Government salary of pay for Operators is from \$800 to \$1,500 per annum, according to ability and service. No food is supplied, and quarters are provided at out-stations and on Government vessels only. Operators employed by Government who have been trained in the Government School will have their fees refunded after two years' satisfactory service, and will be eligible for appointment to the permanent staff. Applications should be made to the Officer-in-Charge, Government Radio Office, P. & O. Building.

## Corkscrew Driven Into Wife.

A shocking story of murder is reported from Quilon. It relates to a family consisting of a man and his wife and their three children. The man fell out with his wife and went away from the place. He returned home recently. In his absence the woman was working in a coir factory to maintain herself and her children. This she continued to do after the man's return as he would not work and earn their livelihood. A week ago the man suddenly became violent. It is reported that he drove a large corkscrew into the chest of his wife. The woman died shrieking. The noise brought the neighbours to the house who found the man raving. He then swallowed some poison. Meanwhile the police arrived on the scene. The man was taken to the hospital where he was treated. The murderer has been placed in police custody.

## The Legal Labyrinth.

It is reported in connection with the new building for Gray's Inn library that the library, which already contains over 9,000 books on case law, not to mention the mightier tomes on statute law, is growing at the rate of 500 volumes a year. An old writer, Dr. Cowell, held that a lawyer should not be ignorant "of beasts, fowls, and creeping things, nor of trees, from the cedar of Lebanon to the hyssop," but the acquisition of such knowledge would be a child's play compared with keeping in touch with these yearly outpourings. Even the learning recommended to a lawyer by the Chitty who adorned the profession in 1850 would in the long run be easier to come by—"anatomy, physiology, theology, surgery, chemistry, medical jurisprudence, police, and mankind." It would be interesting to know how many points of law are comprehended in such a library. Perhaps the person (whoever the optimist was) who said that all law could be brought within seven principles would like to make an estimate. As a clue, and with the warning that the figure was arrived at before modern statute law—that "mighty maze of walks without a plan"—had really started one would oblige him with the information that, according to the computation of a Mr. Park in 1898, a law library "of moderate dimensions" contains 2,500,000 points of law.

## General Election Betting.

The by-elections were responsible for increased business in London recently where the results of the coming general election can be counted in advance on terms of cash. On the Stock Exchange a jobber, after a good day's business, issued his closing prices in "election results" as follows:—Labour 94, Conservative 92, and Liberal 90. In this case both Liberal and Labour show a three-point rise compared with prices, while Conservative stock shows a loss of these half-dozen points. These particular closing prices may differ, of course, from those of other dealers, who naturally quote by the position of their respective "books." A jobber's "book" is his record of all sales and purchases. There is some heavy betting on the election results, some of it by business men who are covering themselves in this way against possible loss in the business should Labour sweep the country. Liberal results are a favourite gamble in the City, on the idea that Mr. Lloyd George and his employment scheme are likely factors to create surprising results when polling-day comes along.

## My Hat!

Most of us who are over the age of thirty cling to the hope that another Great War is at least improbable within our own span of life, but it is sinister and disturbing news to read that the War Office has just invented a new hat for the special use of "general officers, brigadiers, and substantive colonels on active service, annual training, and manoeuvres." That really does look like impending trouble. A new hat for mere sergeants and the rank and file means nothing—inventing new forms of "head-joy" for the baser sort is the natural occupation of the War Office in piping-times of peace; it is the one occupation, which keeps the Army Council quiet and happily convinced that it is doing its best to win the next war but one. But a new hat for general officers is a very different and more serious matter; it sounds like a deliberate challenge to the League of Nations, the Washington Agreement, and what remains of the Locarno Pact. Put a private into a new hat and next to nothing happens—at the worst he will only succeed in getting a new girl on the strength of it. Put a major-general into a new hat and anything may happen, from another war in China to an attack on Habsburg Compus. The thing is ominous in the extreme, a new and horrid development of the armaments race. For what, pray, will the War Office do if U.S.A. now proceeds to give its own major-generals three new hats?

## Torpedo Craft Speeds.

At her speed trials off Lorient, the French fleet leader Guepard, designed for 38 knots, is reported to have developed over 38 knots, which has been claimed by certain French experts to be the highest ever made by a war vessel. This rate, however, has been exceeded more than once by British torpedo craft. The destroyer *Turquoise*, built by Yarrow and Co., Ltd., at Scotstoun, and completed in March, 1918, developed 30.8 knots on trial, and a similar vessel, the *Tyrian*, completed by the same firm in December, 1919, reached 38.72 knots. Nor is performance of the Guepard the best on record by a fleet leader, as the British vessel *Shakespeare*, completed by Thornycroft & Co., Ltd., at Woolston in October, 1917, made a speed of 33.74 knots on trial. The only destroyers built for the Royal Navy since the War, the *Amazon* and *Ambuscade*, were designed for 37 knots, but their trial performances were not published.

## Caste Distinctions.

In view of the resolution abolishing all caste distinctions passed by the Bengal Provincial Political Conference, at Rangpur, the Sangathan, and other resolutions passed by the Surat sessions of the Hindu Mahasabha, it will be interesting to recall some of the resolutions adopted at Calcutta by the first All-India Marwari Agarwal Panchayat, only a few months ago. Out of some 35 resolutions the following are particularly remarkable: "2. Cow protection is the chief duty and 'dharma' of the Marwari Agarwal Caste. Therefore every Marwari should keep a cow, should not sell cows to non-Hindu dealers, and should let loose fine bulls in order to improve the breed of cows." "3. The bridegroom must not be under 16 at the time of marriage." "4. The bride must not be under 11 at the time of marriage; if 'rajadarsan' (menstruation) is apprehended, marriage can be celebrated (even under 11) after giving notice to the local Panchayat. But in any case the marriage of a girl must necessarily be celebrated, according to the Shastras, before appearance of signs of puberty."

## The Steak-Tester.

Although the United States is such a good producer and exporter of tinned meat, her fresh meat is, as a rule, as bad as, or worse than, that of France. That is the reason why "steak" in many a form, is so often served. There are two sorts of American bacon too—the best in the world, in costly sealed glass jars, and the worst in the world, a form of salted leather. But now the U.S. Government Bureau of Standards, which busies itself with all manner of ingenious tests, has come to the poor housewife's rescue with a chewing machine, a sort of lathe that automatically twists and "chews" biscuits, while the stresses are registered on a dial. Enterprising fellows have now appeared with the announcement that they are going to instal machines of this sort in a chain of cities and, test, for a small fee, every purchase of fresh meat brought to them by a housewife with doubts as to its degree of chewability. If it does not pass muster the purchaser can then go back and display it to the butcher, with its rejection ticket pinned on. The life of the directors of the Institute of Chewing does not sound to be what the insurance companies call a good risk. One can see them eventually "bumped off," and found by the police stuck all over with those scornful little tickets, the tribute of the tough purveyors of tough wares.

## Walter the Sublime.

For the sublime self-confidence which is more irritating than abject humility, commend us to Mr. Walter Hagen, the American golf professional, whose latest dictum on his abilities appears in the cable news of the day. The Home papers, it seems, have been spreading themselves over the Ryder Cup competition, in which British professionals meet their colleagues from the other side, and which sees an American victory with monotonous regularity. Interviews on the "Why I shall win" principle established by heavyweight pugilists have become the fashion and no doubt will be followed in due course by the "Why I lost" articles which are so familiar. Ryder Cup players have been interviewed, and their efforts vary from "We shall win" to "We ought to win" and "It will be a great fight." It remained for Mr. Hagen to vary this theme, and he maintained his reputation with "I shall win anyway. I always do." What is so amazing is that Walter is right. He does always win—or nearly always. One memorable exception was in a 72-hole match with Archie Compston at Moor Park, Hertfordshire, last year. Compston won 18 up and 17 to play and received £250 for his trouble while Hagen gathered in £500. Let us admit frankly that Hagen had been only two days in the country and was short of practice. When the pair met again in the States the result was very different; also Hagen won the British open championship. Still, the Moor Park memory is worth a lot.



## HAGEN'S SUPERB "COMEBACK."

UNCANNY ACCURACY AT MUIRFIELD.

NEW RECORD FOR BRITISH "OPEN."

AMERICANS LEADING THE FIELD.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MUIRFIELD, May 9. In sunny weather, with a gentle breeze blowing, Walter Hagen of America to-day staged a "come-back" which marks him as one of the greatest players of all time, even if he fails to retain the British title.

With a total disregard of time, the crowd, or anything else, he studied thoroughly every shot, and saved stroke after stroke by his painstaking methods.

He took 100 minutes over the first nine holes which he did in 33. At the eighth, a long drive was very slightly pushed out and as a result was trapped, and Hagen paid the penalty with a five. By the time he left the tenth tee, the gallery had increased to over 4,000.

Hagen continued to play with uncanny accuracy, and never looked like breaking down at any stage. At the fourteenth he played a great spoon shot, and then holed a putt from ten feet for an "eagle" three. In his whole round there was only one bad shot, a chip from behind a bunker at the seventeenth, where he went too boldly for the hole, the ball running ten yards past. This was the only time he failed to get a par figure.

Hagen was a little lucky at the eighteenth, when his second shot struck the flag which partially stopped the ball, which finished at the far edge of the green. He got a four here, however, to wind up the best single round accomplished in the history of the Open Championship. He came home in 34, making 67 for the whole round, and a new record for the course.

## The Leaders.

Diegel (U.S.A.)	71-69=140
Hagen (U.S.A.)	75-87=162
Allys (Britain)	69-78=147
Craigbank (U.S.A.)	73-74=147
Farrell (U.S.A.)	72-75=147
Armour (U.S.A.)	75-73=148
Boomer (Britain)	74-74=148
Melhorn (U.S.A.)	74-74=148
Compton (Britain)	76-73=149
Bingham (Britain)	73-76=149
Tolley (Britain)	74-75=149
Fernie (Britain)	78-75=153
Williamson (Britain)	73-78=151
Barnes (U.S.A.)	71-80=151
Turnesa (U.S.A.)	74-78=152
Espinosa (U.S.A.)	77-75=152
J. J. Taylor (Britain)	77-75=152
Dudley (U.S.A.)	78-74=152
Perkins (Britain)	79-73=152
Watrous (U.S.A.)	73-79=152
Twine (Britain)	74-78=153
Chas. Whitcombe	
(Britain)	77-76=153
Westell (Britain)	76-78=154
Duncan (Britain)	78-76=154

## THE WORLD'S FINEST.

MUIRFIELD, May 9 (U.P.).

Strengthened by the presence of the entire United States Ryder Cup team, one of the greatest selections of golfing talent assembled in England for many years appear in the British Open Championship on the Muirfield courses. Both professionals and amateurs who have figured in the most important tournaments of the world have led off in the heart of this historic golfing country. One of the hardest-fought battles in the annals of the royal and ancient game is expected before the King of British Golf for 1929 is crowned.

In addition to the American delegation, including the Ryder Cup players and a large number of other prominent professionals and amateurs, the leading golfers from the Continent, Jose Jurado from the Argentine, a representation from Australia and other distant colonies, and entries from almost every land where golf has attained prominence are gathered in Muirfield. The British entries are especially determined to win the golfing honour which has been kept away from the United States only twice since the war. George Duncan won the championship in 1920, and A. G. Havers was the winner in 1923.

Walter Hagen has carried Britain's most cherished golf trophy across the Atlantic three times. Bobby Jones has taken it back to Atlanta on two occasions. Jock Hutchison and Jim Barnes accounted for the other two post-war American victories. Yankee players have developed the habit of winning to such an extent that the British are becoming aroused. Their efforts at Muirfield will be backed by a campaign waged throughout the winter with "Keep the Championship at Home" as its objective.

## Experts Baffled.

The unusual strength of the entries has the experts baffled when it comes to picking the probable winner. Any one of more than a dozen men is considered capable of capturing the championship. The ability of Hagen, Sarazen, Compton, Abe Mitchell, Duncan, Melhorn, Boomer, and many other of the professionals now at Muirfield has been often demonstrated in England. Jurado is always a threat against keeping the cup in this country. Two young players, Henry Cotton of England and Horton Smith of America, are due for sensational performances in the Open. Cyril Tolley, French Open Champion, T. P. Perkins and J. A. Stout, finalists in the English Amateur Championship last year, Percy Alliss, the dapper Johnny Farrell, and a number of lesser known golfers may spring a few surprises before the championship is decided.

Hagen is favoured in many quarters to retain his title. The fact that he has played more golf and made less mistakes this year than before he came over in 1928 causes many of his supporters to boast that the iron nerves of "Sir Walter" will carry him to another victory. Gene Sarazen is very popular on this side, and will have a large following at Muirfield. Sarazen, with 294, finished only two strokes behind Hagen last year. His second round cost him 76 and a chance to at least tie Hagen, but he shot the other rounds in 72, 73, and 73. Hagen's winning figures were 75, 73, 72, and 72. Hagen and Sarazen are generally regarded as the two most dangerous invaders.

## Compton's Rise.

Of the other men who finished close to Hagen and Sarazen, the most favoured are Compton, Jurado, and Alliss. Compton gained immortal fame in England by his victory over Hagen at Moor Park last year, and has been playing good steady golf ever since. His trip to the United States apparently did him some good in that he is now more inclined to the American display of confidence. Percy Alliss, a British professional attached to the Berlin Golf Club, has won the German Open Championship for the past three years, and is recognised as a dangerous competitor in any gathering.

Jose Jurado, the smiling Argentine champion who almost burned up the course at Sandwich last year, is still the darling of the British golfing galleries, and will have a substantial following. Jose has been playing over the Muirfield course for the past three weeks. He produced a 71 on the Prince's Course last year and then went up to 80 on the final round at St. George's. He is capable of producing an amazing round any time, and if his putting luck ever starts running consistently in his favour, Jurado is likely to win the hardest competition.

"Wild Bill" Melhorn is another visitor whose varying golfing moods may upset the Open. Bill is out to win this year, and will have the sympathy of the crowd because he was not included in the United States Ryder Cup team. Altogether, the players at Muirfield represent an unusually strong field from which it is very difficult to pick a favourite.

## THE REPARATIONS DISCUSSION.

A FEW QUESTIONS.

"WHERE IS MR. CHURCHILL?"

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, May 9. In the House of Commons, Col. J. C. Wedgwood asked whether Mr. Churchill had any communication from the Reparations Committee to give the House and why the committee was dealing with the Spa percentages.

Mr. A. M. Samuel, on behalf of Mr. Churchill, asked Col. Wedgwood to repeat the question tomorrow and that Mr. Churchill would meanwhile consider whether he was able to make a statement.

Colonel Wedgwood, in a supplementary question, asked whether the British representatives on the Reparations Committee were without information and instructions at this very critical moment.

The Speaker asked Col. Wedgwood to wait Mr. Churchill's statement. Colonel Wedgwood: "We cannot wait. If we wait till tomorrow the country may be committed to another gift to the French people. Why is Mr. Churchill not in his place?"

Mr. Samuel explained that the question had only reached the Treasury that afternoon, and it was impossible to get information in the time given.

## A Counter-Proposal.

PARIS, May 9.

Following on the British disapproval of Mr. Owen Young's reparations plan, there seems ground to suppose that Britain is willing to make some concession with regard to the proposed reduced German annuity, but considers that the sacrifices should be proportionate all round.

There is reason to believe that a counter-proposal is being prepared by "countries interested" (among which Britain would logically figure) for the distribution of the Allied shares which will be submitted to Mr. Young on May 9.

The hope prevails that the adoption of some such compromise may save the conference.

## NO HOLDING-UP OF WHEAT.

"RIGGING THE MARKET" FAILURE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, May 9. The newspapers give prominence to the fall in the price of wheat, especially from Canada, where there has been serious grain congestion owing to the lack of orders from Overseas.

The development is attributed, primarily, to attempts by Canadian and Australian wheat pools to hold up supplies and to Europe refusing to buy at their prices.

Meanwhile, a huge amount of Argentine grain has been landed at Liverpool at lower prices than has been asked for Canadian wheat.

## SUN YAT SEN'S BURIAL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, May 9. It is reported that Marshal Chiang Kai Shek will leave for Peking on May 18 or 19, to accompany the remains of Sun Yat Sen to Nanking.

Mr. Sun Fo, son of the late revolutionary leader, is leaving for the North in a few days.

The members of the Government who will probably leave for Peking with Chiang Kai Shek include Mr. Tai Chi Tao and Dr. Wang Chung Hui.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, May 9. It is reliably learned that the Kuomintang forces have routed the Mohammedan rebels operating in Kansu, and have recaptured the city of Ninghsia, where the "revolution" originated.

A large number of the Mohammedan forces have turned over to Feng Yu Hsiang's troops, and are being reorganised into the Kuomintang.

## ECLIPSE PHOTOS OBTAINED.

SUCCESSFUL ATTEMPTS IN PHILIPPINES.

MALAYA UNLUCKY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Manila, May 9. The eclipse observations here were highly successful, and weather conditions excellent, with only very faint cirrus clouds near the sun.

The United States Naval Observatory, the English Expedition, and the Manila Observatory executed their scheduled programmes.

The Englishmen, Professors Waterfield and Lloyd, obtained seventeen valuable photographs, and the United States naval staff obtained thirteen variable exposure plates, with a 65ft. camera, and 46 others with a two Polar axis and celostat. Two airplanes also obtained photographs and observations from 5,000 to 10,000 feet. The Manila Observatory made several actinometric measurements.

A beautiful corona of the maximum sunspot type, also planets and stars were visible. Keen interest was generally evidenced.

## No Luck in Malaya.

ALOR STAR, Kedah, May 9.

Although the Greenwich Observatory's eclipse observation party here were apparently slightly more successful than the Pattani party, little useful result is expected owing to most cloudy conditions.

## Nor Siam!

SINGAPORE, May 9.

The sultry atmosphere when the eclipse of the sun commenced at 12.03 p.m. was followed by a refreshing coolness as the phenomenon reached its maximum at 1.40. The Pattani observation party on the Siamese side of the "shadow line" were disappointed, as the sun was veiled by clouds during the period of the eclipse.

## JAPANESE PLANE MISSING.

TREACHEROUS WEATHER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, May 9. One naval plane is missing, and two others were forced to make emergency landings, owing to stormy weather while carrying out a long-distance flight from Nagasaki.

Destroyers were despatched to search for the missing machine, but have met with no success so far.

## A Collier Wrecked.

A Navy-chartered collier, the Tamon Maru VI, struck a coral reef near Truk Island in the Caroline group on the afternoon of May 7. The ship is believed to be a total loss.

A telegram to the Navy Department says that strong tides and many reefs at the scene of the wreck make the rescue of the crew most difficult. Their fate is not yet known. There are believed to be at least fifty souls aboard.

## BRITISH PENSIONS.

BIG CHARGE ON REVENUE.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

LONDON, May 9. In the debate in the House of Commons to-day, on the vote for the Ministry of Pensions, Major Tryon, Minister of Pensions, said it was still almost the largest single vote for any of our great departments. The Ministry's work affected the weekly budget of about 1,000,000 families, and the number of their beneficiaries was about 1,500,000.

At the end of the current year we should have spent since the beginning of war—that was in the last 15 years—no less than £913,000,000 on war pensions. He had taken pains to ascertain how this compared with the expenditure of other great countries who, along with us, were most heavily engaged in the Great War.

He found that as compared with our £913,000,000 France had spent approximately £500,000,000 and Germany approximately £400,000,000, so that we had spent, roughly, an amount on pensions equal to those of two great countries combined.

Unlike other countries, we had adjusted our scale of pensions to meet the enhanced price of the cost of commodities, so that the pensioner should not suffer.

He estimated for the next few years expenditure on pensions would be about forty-five million sterling a year.

## STOCK EXCHANGE SWEEP.

FAVOURITES' NUMBERS DRAWN.

DANGERS OF FORGERY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, May 9.

The draw for the Stock Exchange £1,000,000 Derby Sweepstake has been accelerated, owing to rumours that forged tickets are in circulation.

Results fully published gave the following numbers on present favourites, (two prizes to each horse).

Cragadour D12338, E86036, Mr. Jinks E38565, G18077, Gay Day B85536, A69209, Kapi A78371, D40900, Costaki Paasha F61280, C74107, En Garde I34491, H23449.

There are 1,018 prizes, the two first each being for £125,000. The organisers announce that there is no guard against a danger of forged tickets, and drawers of winning tickets should present them to the offices of the fund the week after the Derby is run, for examination only.

Members of the Stock Exchange who originally purchased tickets may bring the tickets, and cheques will only be paid to such stock-brokers.

## SWEDEN'S HOME CULTURE.

ARTS AND CRAFTS EXPOSITION AT STOCKHOLM.

AN APARTMENT IN THE CLOUDS.

[British United Press.]

Plans are rapidly maturing for the Stockholm Exhibition which will be held from the end of May to September 1930, and will concentrate on illustrating Sweden's progress in Arts, Crafts and Home Culture.

The exposition buildings will be placed on the shores of the picturesque Bay of Djurgårdsbrunnsviken to the north of the city and just behind the aristocratic, so-called "Diplomatic Quarter." From the entrance of the exposition grounds, a wide boulevard will run straight through the grounds, flanked on one side by a row of airy halls, tinted in light colours, and on the other by waters of the bay. The boulevard will end in a wide open piazza, bordered by a flower garden, and containing a broad forty-foot water-fall.

## Mammoth Tower.

This will be the central meeting place for festivals, and will hold a large platform for musical performances. In the piazza there will also be a steel tower 300 feet high with a visitors platform on top. The platform will be reached by an elevator. It is also planned to build in the tower, a model and fully equipped "skyscraper apartment."

East of the piazza there will be the exposition's main restaurant, and from its windows and porches a fine view of the bay will be afforded.

All the exposition buildings will be characterised by the simplicity and purity of their lines. One of the most interesting buildings will be a dome-shaped structure in the middle of building row. This dome viewed from below will be an exact replica of the starry firmament. It is being built at a cost of approximately 500,000 kroner. This exhibit will have considerable scientific interest, and it is expected that it will be one of the features of the exhibition.

The first section of the exhibition will contain representative of the Swedish metal, leather, textile manufacturing industries and Swedish handicraft and home products. The second section will be devoted to showing ideal types of homes, and apartments ranging from tiny three room affairs to palatial town houses and country villas.

Besides pageants, festivals, open-air shows and musical entertainments on land, the bay will be utilised for "regattas" and water sports. There is also to be an elaborate amusement field and a "children's paradise."

## PRINCE HENRY ON HOLIDAY.

"OFFICIAL VISIT" ENDED.

TO TOUR JAPAN "INCOGNITO."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, May 9.

To-day ends the Duke of Gloucester's stay in Japan, as an official guest of the nation. To-morrow he leaves for a fortnight's tour up-country, where he will travel incognito.

This morning he paid a farewell visit to the Emperor and Empress, to thank them for their hospitality; and afterwards he lunched at the Imperial Palace.

The Emperor returned the visit in the afternoon, and bade the Duke a cordial farewell. He requested Prince Henry to convey to the King his deep appreciation of the bestowal of the Order of the Garter.

The Duke's visit to Japan has made an excellent impression, and Japanese of all ranks are extending the greatest honour to him.

## "CONNIE" TALMADGE AGAIN MARRIED!

THE THIRD TIME!

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

BEVERLY HILLS, Cal., May 9.

The film star, Miss Constance Talmadge, has been married for the third time to a Chicago merchant, Mr. Townsend Netcher.

## WHO OWNS THESE MEDALS?

We understand that two medals—British War and Victory—inscribed "35379 Pte. P. Helyar R. War. R." were found on the Star Ferry Wharf recently. If the owner has not already done so, he should apply for them, through authorised channels, to the Headquarters of the China Command.



## For Baby's Sake

Give Baby Nature's Own Food. Maternal milk is pure and germ free and contains everything Baby needs to build bone and muscle and flesh. There is no substitute equal to it.

Doctors, nurses and mothers testify that when "Ovaltine" is taken by the mother before and after the birth an adequate supply of rich milk is assured. The mother is enabled to maintain her strength and to feed baby naturally and easily. Nutritional diseases, such as rickets, are prevented and baby is assured of happiness and healthy development.

"Ovaltine" contains the rich nourishment extracted from ripe barley malt, creamy milk and new laid eggs. It makes a delicious and easily digested beverage.

# OVALTINE

TONIC FOOD BEVERAGE

Builds up Brain, Nerve and Body

[L.P. 15]



## UNIVERSITY CRICKET

## PROSPECTS IN 1929.

As last Reuter has condescended to write us through some cricket, though the Seniors and Freshmen's matches at Oxford and Cambridge apparently did not appear sufficiently interesting. We shall now have to wait for the papers to get the scores, and much more important, and interesting, to discover who are taking part in those trial games, success in which so often means a "Blue." It is, however, possible, and it may be interesting, to sum up the position so far as it can be known before the season starts. As Cambridge have on the whole enjoyed more success recently I will begin with them.

## Cambridge Old Blues.

Of this side that was robbed of victory last year by the heroic last-wicket stand of C. K. Hill-Wood and E. T. Benson, who stopped together for half an hour to draw the match, K. S. Dukepingh, F. J. Seabrook and M. J. C. Allom completed their fourth year in 1928 and are now "down." This year's Captain, M. J. Turnbull, is in his fourth year, and he may have a somewhat difficult task in building up his eleven owing to the fact that in both the 1927 and 1928 seasons not a single Freshman got his Blue. I might here explain to make things quite clear to some of my readers, who may not be quite so familiar with Oxford & Cambridge as most of them are—that a man does up in September-October, and completes three terms before he enters his second year. Thus Turnbull went up in October 1925, and will have completed his fourth academic year when the Varsity Match is played at Lord's next July.

Of the old Blues (and it is by no means the rule that "once a Blue, always a Blue"), four fourth-

year men are available provided they have been up for the summer term 1928—and of this, of course, I have no means of knowing at present—E. F. Longrigg, R. W. V. Robins, T. C. Longfield and N. S. Wykes. Robins was considered one of the finest of the younger amateurs in 1922. He is a brilliant field, a very fine quick-scoring batsman, and has come on wonderfully with slow spin bowling into which he occasionally gets "the wrong un." He made 33 and 101 not out last year in the Varsity Match, and took 4 for 91 and 4 for 90, so it can easily be imagined what a difference he will make to the side if still up. I might mention that I saw his father make a most juvenile century for Wimbledon Park last summer, so it is scarcely likely that such "inherited" cricket will not be given a fourth year!

Longfield is a useful bat and bowler, while Longrigg, an opening batsman, had an average of 27.37, though he failed to come off in the Lord's game. N. G. Wykes, a left hander, was not tried in the Freshers' match in 1928, played in the Seniors 1927, and got his Blue last year as a bat, making 94 and 18 not out.

E. T. Killick, J. T. Morgan, and E. D. Blundell all failed to get their Blues as Freshers in the 1927 season, but got in last year. They will therefore all be up, though that beastly institution known as a "Tripos"—a sort of intellectual gauntlet—may interfere with their cricket during the earlier part of the season.

## Third Year Blues.

Killick went up with a tremendous reputation from St. Pauls, but quite failed in 1927. Last year he batted finely, getting 74 and 20 at the top of the batting, and finishing with an average of 45 at the top of the Cambridge list. He is apparently an unlucky player as, despite his excellent batting, the fact that he dropped Hill-Wood seven minutes before time will be remembered for a long time!

J. T. Morgan, another left hander, used to bowl, but turned himself into the wicket-keeper Seabrook could not discover elsewhere. He let 33 byes, against Benson's 6, at Lord's, but after a year's experience will probably come on, unless a really class stumper turns up among the Freshers, and D. C. Haikes, the Shrewsbury Freshman, may be given a trial. E. D. Blundell is a medium fast bowler who did better during the other matches than at Lord's.

## This Year's Successes.

At the time of writing, the only definite news is that Turnbull got 187 not out against Yorkshire, and Blundell got 6 for 99 in the same match. Cambridge did well, as against Yorkshire's 420 they made 211 and 425 for 7 wickets.

## The Vacancies.

Assuming, then, that all the old Blues are available, and retain their places (which as I have said, is by no means certain), Turnbull will have three vacancies to fill, and for the future of Cambridge cricket it is to be hoped that at least two or three Freshers will get in.

Of the Seniors, Valentine of Repton & Pembroke was disappointing last year, but stands a good chance if he can find his form as a bat. Other possibilities are D. S. Oseroff (Uppingham & Sidney), R. H. G. Calthorpe (Harrow & Magdalen), and T. W. Baines (Africa & Trinity Hall) as bats, besides several others, while G. P. Goodwin (Whitgift & St. Catherine's) has bowled well.

It is very difficult to judge of what talent may have come up this year, for Public School form has an awful way of getting upset in a man's first year. E. R. Sheehans, captain of Eton last year, played a fine innings in the 2nd knock against Harrow, and will undoubtedly get a trial. G. L. Raphael had an average of 45 for Harrow, J. F. Anderson and M. J. H. Morton of Marlborough had averages of 50 and 49 respectively. (Continued at foot of next column.)

## HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

## FIFTH EXTRA RACE MEETING.

The following is the programme of the fifth extra race meeting to be held at Happy Valley on Saturday and Monday, May 18 and 19:

## SATURDAY, MAY 18.

## 1-3 p.m.—Green Island Handicap "C" Class Six Furlongs.

For China ponies. Ponies, other than subscription griffins, which have won the Aggregate Stakes, Substitute Stakes, or an "A" Class Handicap since January 1, 1929, barred. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 2.—Green Island Handicap "B" Class: Six Furlongs.

For China ponies. Ponies, other than subscription griffins, which have won the Aggregate Stakes, Substitute Stakes, or an "A" Class Handicap since January 1, 1929, barred. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 3.—Green Island Handicap "A" Class: Six Furlongs.

For China ponies. Ponies, other than subscription griffins, which have won the Aggregate Stakes, Substitute Stakes, or an "A" Class Handicap since January 1, 1929, barred. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 4.—Third Aggregate Stakes: One Mile.

Value \$300. For all China ponies. Catch weight at 10st. 9 lbs. Winners of a race value \$300 or over other than a race confined to subscription griffins, or ponies that have won the aggregate prize in the Aggregate Stakes in any season, 5 lbs. extra. Non-winning subscription griffins allowed 5 lbs.

A Cup to be run for five times, or as decided by the Committee, called the Aggregate Cup, will be presented by the end of the season to be won by the pony scoring most marks in the races for the Aggregate Stakes at the Extra Meetings during the season, counting 4 points for a first, 2 for a second, and 1 for a third. The benefit of marks already scored to pass with the pony on a sale. Any winner of the race this season to carry 5 lbs. extra for each in subsequent starts for the race, but in the event of a pony carrying the penalty not winning, 2 lbs. to be deducted next time he starts, such 2 lbs. to remain deducted until he win again, when he will carry the full penalties without deduction. Penalties accumulate up to 15 lbs. In the event of two or more ponies tying with the same number of marks after five races have been run the winner shall either divide the value of the Cup which is hereby placed at \$1,000, or shall run off on a day to be fixed by the Committee, not being the same day as the last race for the Stakes but within two weeks thereafter. In the event of a run off the weights shall be weight for inches as per scale. Entrance fee \$5. 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$150.

## 5.—Cust Rock Stakes: One Mile.

For China ponies, subscription griffins of this club of any season. Winners of this year only. Winners of two races, weight for inches; winners of three races, 10 lbs. penalty; winners of four races 10 lbs. penalty; winners of five races 10 lbs. penalty. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 6.—Pang Chan Stakes: Once Round.

For China ponies, non-winning subscription griffins of this club of any season. To be ridden by Jockeys who have not won five flat races in Hong Kong, China, or elsewhere. Jockeys 2 lbs. extra for each win. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 7.—Beaufort Handicap "B" Class: 1 1/4 Miles.

For China ponies. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$450; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

## 8.—Beaufort Handicap "A" Class: 1 1/4 Miles.

For China ponies. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$450; 2nd prize \$200; 3rd prize \$100.

## MONDAY, MAY 19.

## 1-3 p.m.—Crocodile Stakes: Six Furlongs.

For China ponies, non-winning subscription griffins of this Club, of any season. Jockey allowance. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 2.—Cheung Chan Plate: Five Furlongs.

Blue World, Stanton and Beidy; Baster and Target; Stanton; Glory; Cheung and Ng; Tarmacadan, K. H. Kay; Mount, Elburz, K. C. Lau; Cream Cracker, Mrs. K. E. Beith; Loch Elvive, Dyer and Beith; Huntington, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; Young Pretender, Dynasty; San Francisco, Bennett and Cave; (Continued on next Column.)

## 2.—Cheung Chan Plate: Five Furlongs.

For China ponies that have started in Hong Kong at least twice since January 1, 1929. Weight for inches as per scale. Winners of one race (other than races confined to subscription griffins), 7 lbs. penalty; of two or more races, 15 lbs. penalty. Jockey allowance. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 3.—Lantau Handicap "B" Class: One Mile.

For China ponies. Ponies other than subscription griffins, which have won the Aggregate Stakes, Substitute Stakes, or an "A" Class Handicap since January 1, 1929, barred. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 4.—Whitson Plate: 1 1/4 Miles.

For China ponies that have started in Hong Kong and have won in cash prizes. Weight 148 lbs. For each \$200 or part thereof won in excess of \$750, 1 lb. extra. Subscription griffins of this Club of any season allowed 10 lbs. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$350; 2nd prize \$300; 3rd prize \$150.

## 5.—May Plate (Handicap): 1 1/4 Miles.

For China ponies that have started at least four times since January 1, 1929, and have not won. To be ridden by novices. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 6.—Lantau Handicap "C" Class: One Mile.

For China ponies. Ponies, other than subscription griffins, which have won the Aggregate Stakes, Substitute Stakes, or an "A" Class Handicap since January 1, 1929, barred. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 7.—Lama Plate: From the Two Mile Post Once Round and In (about One Mile 145 Yards).

For China ponies, subscription griffins of this Club of this season. Winners at this meeting barred. Weight for inches as per scale. Winners of two races, 5 lbs. penalty; of three or more races, 10 lbs. penalty. Non-winners allowed 5 lbs. Jockey allowance. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## 8.—Lantau Handicap "A" Class: One Mile.

For China ponies. Ponies other than subscription griffins, which have won the Aggregate Stakes, Substitute Stakes, or an "A" Class Handicap since January 1, 1929, barred. Entrance fee \$5. 1st prize \$400; 2nd prize \$150; 3rd prize \$100.

## THE ENTRIES.

## FIRST DAY.

## Race 1.—Third Aggregate Stakes: One Mile.

Grand Tattoo Eve, Eve; Cream Cracker, Mrs. K. E. Beith; Christmas, Dyer and Beith; Huntington, Skinfaxi, and Noughall, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; San Francisco, Bennett and Cave; City Hall, Harbot; Monterey Bay, Han Un.

## 5.—Cust Rock Stakes: One Mile.

The Sun, Chan Pik Chen; The Ape, Tester and Abraham; The Pheasant, W. E. L. Shenton; Cream Cracker, Mrs. K. E. Beith; Loch Elvive and Tangle, Dyer and Beith; Skinfaxi and Noughall, John Peel; O'Moon, Liang and Wong; Tarmacadan, K. H. Kay; Duke of Normandy, Dynasty; King's Parade, Service; Flying Stag, Chan and Rafeek; Zephyr, Mac.

## 6.—Pang Chan Stakes: Once Round.

Soprano, Service; Mountain Air and Big Ben, S. To Wong; Seatzmar, K. H. Kay; Papaya, Hynes and Mackie; The Parnigan, W. E. L. Shenton; False Alarm, R. M. Austin; Armony, Mrs. R. M. Austin; Mirror, Hall, Liang and Wong; Duke of Milan and Ploughman, Lau and Lee; Movnager, D. A. Cave; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshade, Lobel; The Jungle Book, Harbot; Half Pint, Splits; Chicot, Han Un; Bronze Idol, Hee Cheong; Luca, Ip and Mo; Erastwhile and Heretofore, Seth.

## SECOND DAY.

## 1.—Crocodile Stakes: Six Furlongs.

Soprano, Service; Bowden, Mancunian; Mountain Air, S. To Wong; Seatzmar, K. H. Kay; Papaya, Hynes and Mackie; The Parnigan, W. E. L. Shenton; False Alarm, R. M. Austin; Armony, Mrs. R. M. Austin; Pumpkin, Yue and Lo; Kum On, Trier; Duke of Milan and Ploughman, Lau and Lee; Movnager, D. A. Cave; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshade, Lobel; The Jungle Book, Harbot; Half Pint, Splits; Bronze Idol, Ip and Mo; Heretofore, Seth.

## 2.—Cheung Chan Plate: Five Furlongs.

Blue World, Stanton and Beidy; Baster and Target; Stanton; Glory; Cheung and Ng; Tarmacadan, K. H. Kay; Mount, Elburz, K. C. Lau; Cream Cracker, Mrs. K. E. Beith; Loch Elvive, Dyer and Beith; Huntington, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; Young Pretender, Dynasty; San Francisco, Bennett and Cave; (Continued on next Column.)

## CHEQUES CASE.

(Continued from page 1).

found that Mr. Gurrin had been hopelessly wrong and that Smith and Beck were two different persons. Have you ever read that case?—I have recollections of it. The moral I draw is that nothing is more difficult than proving that a particular piece of writing is written by one particular man. "Listen to me," continued counsel, dramatically. "If you are right, then Tsang ought to be serving ten years with Yee!"

## The Parnell Case.

Then we have the great Parnell case, a matter of history, when Piggott presented forged letters purporting to have been written by Parnell and sold them to the Times, which published them, thinking them to be quite genuine. As intended, the letters stirred up trouble in Ireland. Then there was the Parnell Commission and a gentleman was produced who underwent a close cross-examination by Lord Russell. The letters were detected as a forgery only by a mis-spelling of the word "hesitancy." After the cross-examination Piggott fled to Spain, shot himself, and sent a confession to the expert admitting that the letters were forgeries. If your view is correct, it is most inconceivable that the Times could have been bluffed—I cannot say. Those letters led Lord Russell in Court to say that he left as nervous as a schoolboy when he reflected upon the skill of forgers in those days. If your theory is correct, by the theory of pen pressure which was in use then it should have been easy to have detected forgery—I can't say unless I see the case.

## Forged Notes and Cheques.

Here we have another case, which was reported in our newspapers, four members of a gang who were arrested not because of an error in signatures on cheques and bank notes, but through a typographical error in the documents. The manager of a large London bank could detect nothing wrong with a £10,000 banknote, but for the sake of his own convenience asked them to call the next day, retaining the note. They did not call back, but went to other banks and cashed notes to this value, totalling over £60,000. The notes were found to be spurious and finding that Scotland Yard were upon their tracks they fled to Paris. The newspapers said that the notes were forged in such a clever manner that it would be foolish to disclose any details as to how the forgeries were committed. You remember the case—I have some recollection of it.

Even in Hong Kong and other places, as no doubt you are aware, a big gang has been forging banknotes and cheques, even deceiving the Hong Kong Bank!—There are people always doing it.

Yes, but there is one big gang. Banks don't depend on the signatures of their own officials because they don't know whether they are forged—I have never heard that.

Don't you know that some corporations which deal extensively with banks send in a list of large cheques which are likely to be drawn upon their accounts every afternoon?—Yes.

That is to prevent forgery—I suppose so.

The skilled modern forger forces these great banks and corporations to adopt these precautions?—Yes.

I can give you another case of a London banker who was in the habit of cashing bills of exchange for 20 years for an Italian client whom he had never seen. The bills were for very large sums. After 20 years a clerk in the office of the banker forged the client's signature on 43 bills with such skill that the banker even went to the trouble of sending letters of advice to the Bank of England, stating that the bills would be presented for payment in due course, notwithstanding the fact that he had his client's genuine signature before him all the time.

(Continued on next Column.)

Chow Tze Lon, J. J. Basto; City Hall, Harbot; Blue Diamond, Yam Man; Monterey Bay, Han Un; Kin's Isle, Ulster; Sunning, Hashim; Ideal Stag, Chan and Rafeek; Erastwhile, Seth; Duke of Melrose, Kitchell and Li.

## 4.—Whitson Plate: 1 1/4 Miles.

Imperial Hall and Town Hall, Ho Kong Tong; Grand Tattoo Eve, Eve; Pickle, Hynes and Mackie; Christmas Chimes, Beith and Heard; Loch Elvive and Tangle, Dyer and Beith; Skinfaxi, John Peel; Chesapeake Bay, Hinson; Young Pretender, Dynasty; King's Parade, Service; Flying Stag, Chan and Rafeek; Zephyr, Mac.

## 7.—Lama Plate: From the Two Mile Post Once Round and In (about One Mile 145 Yards).

Rammy, James; King's Parade, Service; Alderley, Mancunian; The Sun, Chan Bib Chuen; Seatzmar, K. H. Kay; The Ape, Tester and Abraham; The Pheasant, W. E. L. Shenton; Cream Cracker, Mrs. K. E. Beith; Loch Elvive, Dyer and Beith; Skinfaxi and Noughall, John Peel; Monk, Hinson; The Jamaica, Wayfoong; Duke of Normandy, Dynasty; Duke of Milan, Lau and Lee; King's Parade, Service; Tornado, E. L. Hosie; Sunshade, Lobel; Bronze Idol, Hee Cheong; Flying Stag, Chan and Rafeek; Heretofore, Seth; Zephyr, Mo.

## LAWN BOWLS.

## LAST WEEK'S UNEQUAL MATCHES.

## TO-MORROW'S FIXTURES.

Bowling science, with which so many games are won, was an absent factor when a few League teams carried out their fixtures in the conditions set by Jupiter Pluvius last Saturday. A drizzle continued throughout the afternoon, making slippery cels of woods, and grounds soaked by earlier rain upset bias to the great discomfiture of the players. Their experiences proved the wisdom of the majority who had arranged early in the day to postpone their engagements. It was unfortunate that the matches were played at all.

To-morrow's fixtures in the senior division division include the meeting of the two Docks at Hung Hom, and the visit of Civil Service to Craigengower, last season's champions. Recreio make their first appearance in the higher section at Kowloon C.C. An interesting junior division match is at the Valley, where Civil Service receive Kowloon Bowling Green Club. Taikoo juniors are at home to Kowloon C.C. Weather conditions at the moment are again not promising. Fixtures follow:—

## Division I.

Kowloon Docks R.C. v. Taikoo R.C. Craigengower C.C. v. C.S.C.C. Kowloon B.G.C. v. Police R.C. Kowloon C.C. v. Club de Recreio.

## Division II.

C. de Recreio v. H.K. Electric R.C. Taikoo R.C. v. Kowloon C.C. C.S.C.C. v. Kowloon B.G.C. R.H.Y.C. v. Craigengower C.C.

## TENNIS LEAGUE.

## TO-MORROW'S MATCHES.

The following have been selected to represent the Club de Recreio to-morrow (11th inst):—

"B" Team v. the K.C.C. (home).—L. A. Rocha, G. A. Noronha, A. V. Gozamo, A. A. Remedios, A. V. Remedios, and L. A. Ribeiro.

"C" Team v. the R.A.O.C. (home).—M. Remedios, J. L. Xavier, M. Oliveira, A. Ribeiro, H. A. Noronha, and E. A. Noronha.

time he was handling the forged bills. Later, when the forgeries were discovered, the Bank of England took action against him. If your theories are correct and your method is sure, don't you think the officials of the Bank of England would have detected the forgery and have discovered the forger?—I cannot say.

Is it possible to be deceived?—I cannot say, I suppose so.

Can you, Professor Shellshear, be deceived?—I am of the opinion that if the material at my disposal is sufficient one ought to detect a forgery.

Granted that you have sufficient material, you can't be deceived, and further, your method is an exact science?—There are so many factors.

There are no factors, but two to be considered, namely, pen pressure and seeing the true signature. You say that can only be written by a certain man. You say that if the pen pressure is different, you know the writing before you a forgery. In such circumstances you can detect any forgery?—I think I can.

Therefore it is an exact science with you?—I am trying to be straight about it, and I don't wish to hurry. My feeling is that I can detect a forgery.

Any forgery?—Yes, providing I have sufficient data to work on. Without fear of error?—Not without fear of error.

Without the possibility of a mistake?—Would a single forgery coming before you escape your detection?—I would not like to answer that question.

I should hope not, seeing that your experience has been in only four or five cases upon your own admission, including this one. And much more so when attributing writing to specific persons? You might find forgery, but it is harder to bring that home to one particular person?—More difficult, unquestionably. There is more work.

His Lordship. Given enough time, would you be able in the end to attribute any particular document to any particular person?—There is so much to eliminate, my Lord.

But it is only a question of time?—Yes, I am of that opinion.

Mr. Potter. Therefore you do claim to be able to attribute specific writing to specific people?—Yes, I think so.

Then you disagree with the expert of the Privy Council who holds that it is not possible?—I don't accept that, because Mr. Mitchell is an expert of high quality and that is why I am restless in my mind about it. It has caused me a lot of trouble and a lot of thought. I am not prepared to go against him.

The hearing was adjourned until this morning.

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—ARMSTRONG-STEADLEY 144 H.P. Touring-Car, First-class Condition. Just Overhauled, New Head.—W. A. ROWERS, Atlantic Petroleum Company. [7734]

POINTERS.—One Full Trained Male, 20 Months Old, Thoroughbred SPANISH POINTER. Imported direct from Portugal. Well broken in and Trained. and One PUP, also Spanish, Six Months Old. For Sale. Address to Owner returning Home.—Address Box 7781, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [7761]

STUDEBAKER Five Seater TOURING CAR. Recently Overhauled. Excellent Running Order. New Head.—Write: Box 7762, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [7762]

GRAMOPHONE for Sale. Excellent Condition. Mahogany Case. What Offers?—Box 7764, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press.

LARGE ICE-CHEST, about Six Cubic Feet. Can be seen by appointment.—Box 7753, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press.

## WANTED TO BUY.

SECOND-HAND FOUR-SEATER. Wanted. Open Car preferred.—Reply, stating Make, Date and Lowest Price, to Box 7757, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [7757]

## HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET.—FLATS in HUMPHREYS and CARLISLE BUILDINGS. Apply to—HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE CO. LTD., ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS. [7893]

TO LET.—Furnished.—373, THE PRINCE OF WALES COURT, END OF OOTOPPER, TENNIS COURT.—Apply: ELDON POTTER, 373, THE PRINCE. [7634]

TO LET.—Unfurnished from 1st APRIL.—"LA HACIENDA" No. 194, THE PRINCE, RENT MODERATE. Apply to Property Office, JABLINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD. [7491]

TO LET.—Small FURNISHED OFFICE in BASE of CHINA BUILDINGS.—Apply: Box No. 7699, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [7699]

TO LET.—No. 3, ROBINSON ROAD, Hong Kong. Six FURNISHED Rooms. House and Adjoining Apartments. Three and Four Unfurnished Rooms.—Apply: J. M. DA ROCHA & CO. [438]

TO LET.—No. 4, CAMBAY BUILDING, 2nd FLOOR (No. 304, NATHAN ROAD), KOWLOON. From 1st JUNE, 1929.—Apply to CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT, 4th Floor, PRINCE BANK BUILDING. [7765]

## WANTED TO RENT.

MATSHED at REPULSE BAY. Wanted immediately to Rent, or Advertiser would purchase.—Box 7765, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press.

SMALL EUROPEAN HOUSE. Wanted in Kowloon, near Ferry, with Electric Light and Flush System. Write stating Rent to Box 7755, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press.

THREE-ROOM FLAT Wanted, in Hong Kong or Kowloon, with Modern Conveniences. State Rent and whether FURNISHED.—Address: Box 7758, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [7759]

PART SHARE in a MATSHED at REPULSE BAY, for Use on SATURDAYS ONLY.—Write stating Terms to Box 7766, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [7766]

## SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED.—Competent and Experienced STENOGRAPHER.—Reply: P.O. Box No. 611, stating Experience and Salary required. [7730]

WANTED.—Lady CLERK. Foreign. Good Knowledge of Typing and Chinese Colloquial Essential. Apply in Own Hand-writing stating Age, Nationality, Experience and Salary required to J. D. HUMPHREYS & SON, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS. [7767]

## SITUATION WANTED.

ENGLISHMAN, Middle-aged, Seeks Position as CARETAKER or Similar Position of Trust. Excellent References as to Character.—Address: Box 7758, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [7758]

## PRE-PAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following classes of advertisements are charged at the price given below:—

SITUATIONS VACANT. HOUSES AND APARTMENTS TO BE LET. HOUSES AND APARTMENTS WANTED. MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

When so required replies to box numbers will be posted to advertisers daily. Extra stamps for postage should be remitted. All advertisements must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender.



# Money and Markets

## CANTON TRADE NOTES.

2,390 bales of nankeen were exported last month, this amount being 519 bales more than in March. In April, the largest country took 1,160 bales; 875 went to France, 298 to Italy, 68 to Britain, while the rest were exported to Switzerland and Japan.

Quotations for shark's fin have been firm in Hong Kong, which is the distributing centre for this trade. Arrivals from Bombay have been small, while the demand from merchants on the Yangtze has been brisk. Consequently business has been fairly good, in spite of the limited demand in Canton, caused by financial crisis.

During April the amount of raw silk exported from Canton amounted to 4,528 bales, a decrease of 25 bales as compared with March. Of the total 2,300 bales went to France, 2,306 to the United States, and 20 to Britain. According to telegraphic advices from New York, transactions have been few recently, on account of scarcity of stocks.

In view of the increasing demand for silver coins and foreign currency, due to the constant fluctuation of Central Bank of China notes, considerable amounts of Kwangtung silver coins have been acquired by Hong Kong bankers to meet the call. Recently over twenty thousand dollars' worth of coins were imported here from Hong Kong.

Depreciation of Central Bank of China notes has not only considerably affected business in Canton but also in Hong Kong. Imports of vegetables, fresh-water fish, and other edibles into Hong Kong from Canton and the country districts have fallen unusually short, resulting in a rise of prices. Fresh-water fish is 810 dearer per picul.

The lychee crop is expected to be most satisfactory this year. The fruit is raised only in Kwangtung and a few places in Fukien. Besides supplying local demands, large quantities are exported to other provinces. When the crop is plentiful, the fruit is canned or dried and exported in large quantities to meet the requirements of Chinese overseas.

Prices of rice in Wuchow have fallen after advancing considerably during the last few weeks. The Kwangsi authorities recently placed numerous orders in Hong Kong for Annamese and Siamese rice, and during last week thousands of bags of rice were imported into Wuchow. More shipments are expected to arrive in the near future, the current price of middle-grade rice being 815 per picul.

## CANTON INSURANCE CO. PROPOSED DIVIDEND.

We are informed that the general agents and consulting committee of the Canton Insurance Office, Ltd., will, at the forthcoming meeting of shareholders to be held on Thursday, May 23, recommend a final dividend of 822 per share in respect of working account for 1927, and add the balance of \$868,668.10 to underwriting suspense account. They will further recommend the payment of an interim dividend of \$18 per share in respect of working account for 1928, and that the balance of \$1,657,848.86 be carried forward.

## BERLIN EXCHANGE.

The stock exchange is firm with trading improving. Slight price advances were recorded especially in potash shares. The demand for foreign currency has dropped to normal. Call money stood at between 8.5 and 9.5 per cent. Frankfurt was quiet, Hamburg practically unchanged.

Berlin exchange quotations:—  
New York ..... 4.9175.  
London ..... 20.468.  
Paris ..... 18.49.  
Amsterdam ..... 169.56.

## EXCHANGE RATES.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

	Rue de la Paix, May 8.
Paris	124.20
Geneva	25.19
Berlin	20.468
Oslo	18.193
Helsingfors	18.3
Athens	37.5
Buenos Aires	47 5/16
Hong Kong	1.111
New York	4.95 7/32
Amsterdam	169.56
Stockholm	13.164
Vienna	24.55
Madrid	34.051
Bucharest	81.63
Bombay	1/5 29/32
Yokohama	1/10 3/16
Brussels	34.85

(Continued at foot of next column.)

## CANTON COTTON YARN MARKET.

Prices of cotton yarn have been variable on account of the fluctuation of Canton money, and are comparatively higher. Demand has been slow, and merchants are holding their goods, for firm prices. Latest quotations are as follows:—

No. 8 Lion	2220
Lion No. 2	210
Five Ho	210
No. 10 Sailing Vessel	205
Golden City	205
Peacock	205
Lotus & Bee	205
Double Lions	270
Five Lions	270
Yan Chung	295
Tai Fat	295
Tak Lee	295
Excellent Crop	270
No. 12 Golden City	310
Peacock	310
Foo Kwei	315
Poo Yee	310
Tramcar	305
Pretty Damsel	310
Argyll	310
Tak Lee	310
Larp Ma	315
No. 18 Globe	330
Foo Kwei	320
Yan Chung	320
No. 20 Golden City	380
Globe	380
Good Harvest	350
Sin Tao	380
Hung Hay	350
Tin Koon	370
Wan Pang	340
Ng Fook	320
Blue Phoenix	350
Tramcar	330
Shepherd	340
Poo Yee	340
Three Stars	330
No. 32 Choy Kow	512
Blue Phoenix	500
Tin Koon	500
Pine Tree & Deer	540
Sheng Hay	490
No. 42 Yang Hok	560
Flower & Butterfly	550
Foon Hay	550

## HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

### CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

H.K. Banks	1210 buy, 1215 ss.
Do, London	2131 nom.
Chartered Banks	213 buy.
Mercantile Banks & A.S.	233 nom.
Do, C.	2151 nom.
P. & O. Banks	294 nom.
East Asia Banks	294 nom.
Oversea-Chinese	295 buy.
Union Insurance	358 buy.
North China Ins.	160 buy.
Yankee Insurance	150 nom.
China Underwriters	220 buy, 230 sel.
China Fire Insurance	330 buy.
H.K. Fire Ins.	375 nom.
Douglases	151 sel.
H.K. Steamboats	120 sel.
H.K. Tugs	120 buy, 125 sel.
Indo-China (Prod.)	145 buy.
Do, (Def.)	170 nom.
Shell Transport	170 nom.
Union Waterworks	222 nom.
Bengalis	321 buy.
Kalian Mining Agency	44 buy.
Langkats (combined)	114 nom.
Do, (single)	114 nom.
S'hai Explorations	114 sel.
Shanghai Loans	114 nom.
Banks	114 nom.
Shanghai Mines	176 nom.
H.K. & K. Wharves	181 nom.
H.K. & W. Docks	338 sel.
China Petroleum	144 buy, 145 sel.
Do, (old)	140 ss.
Hongkwa	178 nom.
New Engineering	114 buy.
Shanghai Docks	114 buy.
Ewo Cottons	114 buy.
Oriental Cottons	114 buy, 115 sel.
8 hat Cottons (old)	72 sel.
Do, (new)	72 sel.
H.K. & S. Hotels	33 nom.
H.K. Lands	33 buy.
H.K. Lands	33 buy.
Shanghai Lands	114 nom.
Humphreys Estates	114 nom.
H.K. Realities	114 nom.
H.K. Tramways	114 buy, 115 sel.
Peak Tram (old)	114 buy.
Do, (new)	114 nom.
Star Ferry	114 sel.
China Light, Cam.	114 buy.
Rights	114 sel.
Do, Ex Rights	114 buy.
Do, Rights	114 buy.
H.K. Electric	114 buy, 115 sel.
Macao Electric	114 nom.
Sandakan Lights	114 sel.
China Buses	114 buy, 115 sel.
Telephones	114 buy.
Singapore Tramways	114 nom.
Do, (Prod.)	114 buy.
China Sugars	114 nom.
Malayan Sugars	114 buy.
Canton Ice	114 buy.
Cements (combined)	114 buy, 115 sel.
Do, (old)	114 sel.
Do, (new)	114 nom.
H.K. Bop	114 nom.
United Alabaster	114 buy.
Dairy Farms	114 buy, 115 sel.
Watsons	114 nom.
Der A Wings	114 nom.
Lang Crawfords	114 buy.
Macintoshes	114 nom.
Sincores	114 buy
Wm. Poyells	114 nom.
H.K. Amusements	114 sel.
H.K. Constructions	114 sel.
H.K. Indus. C. Bonds	114 nom.
H.K. Govt. Loans	114 nom.
buy-buyers; sel-sellers; na-salvo; nom-nominal.	
Milan	92.65
Copenhagen	18.504
Prague	183
Lisbon	108
Rio	57/64
Shanghai	2/64
Silver, spot & forward	25 5/16

## THE CHINA UNDERWRITERS.

### ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

#### PROGRESS IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION.

Mr. R. G. Shewan, presiding as Chairman at the fifth annual general meeting of China Underwriters, Ltd., held yesterday in the boardroom of Messrs. Shewan, Tomes & Co., said that business in the life department was progressing in the right direction.

#### CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH.

The Chairman, addressing the meeting, said: As on the last occasion, we have converted all silver currency figures to Hong Kong dollars and all gold currency figures to sterling at the parities. The gold and silver figures have then been converted for convenience of reference to Hong Kong dollars at the rate ruling at December 31, 1928, namely 2/0 1/2. As the rate differs slightly from that at which the figures were combined on December 31, 1927, we have, for the sake of continuity, shown the figures brought forward at last year's rate and carried the difference to exchange account.

#### Increase in Life Premiums.

We suggested last year combining the accounts of the Marine, Fire, and Accident Departments, but on consideration feel that the figures are more informative if we continue to follow the practice of Home companies and publish them separately.

In the Life Department the premiums received during the year, after deducting Re-assurances, amounted to \$425,161, an increase of \$47,208 over the figures for 1927. Expenses show an increase of \$51,413, but the bulk of this increase represents expenses incurred in extending the scope of our operations, and will either be non-recurrent or will be represented by an increase in business.

After bearing this increased expenditure the income in the department has exceeded the outgo by \$15,273, which has been written off establishment of life business account. The department is progressing in the right direction, and we have confidence in its future.

The net premiums in the Marine Department amounted to \$168,890, compared with \$120,271 in 1927. The claims experience, which must necessarily be fluctuating in a small account, has been unfavourable compared with last year. After putting up reserve of \$109,814 for unexpired risks the account shows a debit to Profit and Loss of \$7,516.

#### Fire and Accident Departments.

The net premiums received from the Fire Department amounted to \$79,468 against \$81,819 in 1927. Claims at \$37,500 compare with \$44,538 last year. After setting up reserves of \$31,787 for unexpired risks the sum of \$914 was carried to the credit of Profit and Loss. From its commencement this Department has shown a small profit, and has borne a share of the executive expenses.

The net premiums received in the Accident Department amounted to \$24,979 against \$13,146 in 1927. After putting up reserves of \$10,991 for unexpired risks the account shows a credit to Profit and Loss of \$212. This is the first time the Department has shown a profit, and in view of the fact that the premium income has practically doubled for the third year in succession the Department may be said to be making satisfactory progress.

After transferring the amount referred to above to the marine reserves the debit to profit and loss is reduced by \$9,780 from \$47,243 to \$37,463.

#### Loyal Co-operation.

In conclusion I should like to place on record our appreciation of the loyal co-operation of the Branch Managers, Secretaries, Agents and Staff in our various branches.

I have now the pleasure to propose the adoption of the report and accounts of the Company for the year ending December 31, 1928, as presented, and when that has been passed I shall be pleased to answer any questions that shareholders may wish to ask.

No questions were asked, and the motion having been seconded by Mr. H. J. M. de Figueiredo, the report and accounts were adopted unanimously.

(Continued on next column.)

## BY MAIL, WIRE, AND WIRELESS.

Washington.—The Pennsylvania Railroad has completed the marking of stations and other large structures in 38 cities and villages along its lines, for guidance of air travellers. The markings consist of the name of the city or town painted in large letters upon the roofs of large buildings and, in case an airport is nearby, an arrow pointing to the airport, together with the distance to the airport expressed in miles.

Chicago.—Sam Sircelli was held to the grand jury on bonds of \$5,000 after being identified by Mrs. Mary Eckhart as the man who attempted to kidnap her child, George T. Sircelli, a father of six children, denied the charges.

Paris.—So rapid has been the work of reconstructing the devastated regions of France that Deputy Georges Antoine has introduced a bill asking that a part of the war area be segregated to serve as a permanent souvenir of the feverish days that followed the opening of hostilities in 1914. M. Antoine proposes that the segregated region be made a sort of park to which school children of the future could be taken as a means of revivifying the texts of the history textbooks of that day.

New York.—Mathieson Alkai new stock only will be sold on the New York Stock Exchange in future, it was announced. The stock was split on a basis of four shares of new for one of old.

Angora.—The Minister of Health Dr. Refik Bei has left on an extended tour of inspection. He will also go to the United States.

Arizona.—The municipal airport at Douglas, Ariz., was recently threatened with a prolonged delay of operations, when an army of pocket gophers invaded the flying field. The rodents threw up more than 2,000 mounds of earth which made landing and taking off difficult. Three days of hard work eradicated the pest.

Berlin.—The annual report issued by the Association of German Cities says that the loan-debts of the cities had to be considerably increased during the last year on account of the very heavy burden caused by unemployment and the bad economic situation in general, although the programmes of the communities were cut down to the most urgently needed undertakings. The total long-term debt of the cities at the end of 1928 amounted to 2,800 million marks and the short-term debt to 788,470,000 marks.

Brussels.—The Senate has rejected with 68 against 54 votes the bill granting women the franchise in the provincial elections.

Dublin.—Two armed men in broad daylight held up the Tipperary branch of the Bank of Ireland and got away with £17,000. They escaped in a motor car. Two arrests have been made.

Constantinople.—Leon Trotsky will shortly publish a book bearing the title "Lenin," and describing his own co-operation with Lenin in contrast with his conflict with Stalin.

Shanghai.—Three American sailors suffered minor injuries and the Moon Palace cabaret was thrown into an uproar when French soldiers and American navy men engaged in a free-for-all argument over a dancing partner. The American sailors were severely beaten by their French antagonists, one of them nearly losing a finger and another receiving lacerations on one leg. A third sailor suffered a scalp wound. The extent of injuries to the French soldiers has not been determined.

#### Other Business.

The other business before the meeting was the re-election of Messrs. C. A. da Rosa and Mok Ching Kong to the Board of Directors, which was carried unanimously on the proposal of Mr. L. C. F. Bellamy, seconded by Mr. J. F. Wright (Jr.).

Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews, chartered accountants, and Messrs. Percy Smith, Seth & Fleming, incorporated accountants, were re-elected auditors at a remuneration of \$750 per annum each, on the proposal of Mr. L. S. Greenhill, seconded by Mr. Wong Oi Kut.

Those present at the meeting were: Mr. R. G. Shewan (Chairman), Messrs. Allen Cameron, Lo Tse Fong, C. P. Marsh, C. A. da Rosa, Mok Ching Kong, Tsang Foo, and A. H. R. Sturt, F.I.A. (directors), Mr. E. R. Child, A.I.A. (assistant secretary), and the following shareholders: Messrs. Allen Keith, J. W. Shewan, A. L. Shields, L. S. Greenhill, L. C. F. Bellamy, J. F. Wright (Jr.), Wong Oi Kut, H. L. M. Figueiredo, M. A. Figueiredo, F. J. Tavares, J. Toppin, A. A. Botelho, and A. H. Ramjahn.

## "THE CROWD."

### PICTURE OF AMERICAN INDUSTRIALISM.

#### ELEANOR BOARDMAN AT THE QUEEN'S.

[BY OUR FILM CRITIC.]

"The Crowd," King Vidor's latest production has been promised to Hong Kong audiences for a very long time. To me, at least, the fulfilment of that promise brought disappointment.

Vidor has based his picture not on a story but on an idea—that idea expressed by the verses:—  
"Laugh and the world laughs with you,  
Weep and you weep alone,  
For the sad old earth must borrow its mirth  
But has sorrow enough of its own."

It would appear that to build a film round an idea is far harder than to make one round a story, and other directors have found this out before Mr. Vidor.

The director has taken the life of a young couple who have to work for their rather scanty living, as the examples to point his moral that "The Crowd" is indifferent to the sorrows of individuals although ready enough to share their joys.

Eleanor Boardman is the wife and James Murray the husband to whom all sorts of misfortunes have to come to point the director's moral. From the very first you are shown them quarrelling, not because they are naturally bad tempered, but because the industrial conditions under which they have to live are a constant and impossible irritation. Then a child is born to bring them together, according to the best canons of film sentiment, and two years later, when they have begun quarrelling again, another. This second link is born to be snapped in a quite unnecessarily realistic manner under the wheels of a lorry. "The Crowd" remains as indifferent to this tragedy as they were to the bickering which preceded it.

Two more blows are to follow. The young husband, distracted with grief, cannot do his work properly and loses his job. After months of unemployment—and domestic scrapping—the wife is persuaded by her family to leave him. Mercifully just before the close of the curtain Mr. Vidor allows us to see his hero and heroine reunited, the wife having repented at the last moment of her decision to "go home to mother," and laughing with "the crowd"—at the antics of a clown on a music hall stage. Vidor has done better, and I hope this will be his last experiment off the beaten track.

Eleanor Boardman acts well, but why is she never allowed to be a happy wife? Even her husband (Vidor) condemns her to constant tears!

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## SYNTHETIC WOOL.

MADE FROM WASTE FIBRE.

UNITED STATES INTERESTED.

[British United Press.]

An artificial wool, manufactured from a waste vegetable fibre and sold at one-third the price of real wool, is soon to make its appearance in America, according to Messrs. Lewis and Marks, a British firm who hold the patent rights on the process.

Mr. Theodore Marks, partner in the firm, told the United Press that, in the past, American textile men have scoffed at the idea of producing a cheap artificial wool that could be dyed and washed without injury.

"But we have done it," he declared, "and even the strong-headed spinners and weavers of Yorkshire are now using large quantities of our artificial wool. Now that we have got the local market convinced we are going to get America interested. With a modern plant in the United States, our new wool could be turned out even more cheaply than here."

## A French Formula.

The new artificial wool is known as N.T. and is manufactured from a formula discovered by a Frenchman, M. Vaillet. The British firm bought up the rights in the process last year and at the present time they have two factories operating in France. One plant is at Beauvais and the other at Pont-Au-Heu, and according to Mr. Marks both are working at maximum capacity to supply the demand in France and in England. Plans are under way for a new and larger factory in France which will be followed by the erection of a plant in England. Samples of the N.T. wool were shown a representative of the United Press, and comparisons were made with the genuine product. It was demonstrated that the N.T. wool dyes and washes equally as well as pure wool, and that its fibre strength is the same. It is further claimed that there is no shrinkage from washing, nor does the material harden.

The new product, however, is not used alone but is mixed with real wool up to twenty-five per cent. According to Mr. Marks if sixty-six per cent. N.T. is mixed with thirty-three per cent. real wool and made into a blanket, the cost of manufacture is cut down by two-thirds.

## For Making Blankets.

The manufacturer using a large percentage of artificial wool may pass this saving along to the public by reducing the retail price of his finished product. A great number of uses have been found for the new textile, chief of which are in the making of blankets, felt padding, carpets, lining for boots, low grade cloth, curtains, felt slippers, cheap felt hats, and motor-car upholstery.

Twenty Yorkshire mills are testing and using N.T., often in 50-50 proportions, and have found the mixed yarn suitable for making carpets, suitings and blankets.

At first, the British concern had great difficulty in convincing the home trade of the quality and cheapness of their product. Their sales, starting with a first order of about \$5, have increased until their shipments now run into the thousands of dollars.

France was the first to buy the product and use it. Now that English manufacturers are purchasing it, the firm of Lewis and Marks intends to concentrate on getting the United States' markets.

## THE SUBCONSCIOUS MIND.

ELECTRICAL PSYCHO-ANALYSIS.

[British United Press.]

Psycho-analysis by electricity, as a method of reading the subconscious mind with mathematical accuracy, is proposed by Dr. Foveau de Courmelles, writing in the *Revue de Psychologie et de Psychologie Appliquée*. Dr. de Courmelles in fact describes the departure as "mathematical psychoanalysis."

The writer would base this new research on the frequently observed fact that emotional reactions of patients receiving electrical treatment register on the galvanometer. Dr. Gelma, the Strasbourg psychiatrist, has even laid down the rule that any appreciable emotional reaction of a patient crossed by an electric current will show on the galvanometer.

## Galvanic Reflex.

"He has called this reaction—the psycho-galvanic reflex. Medical observers have seen words, thoughts, pictures, individuals cause the needle to move, indicating a definite reaction. One doctor tells of a farmer whose galvanometer swung twenty-three points upon hearing a piano in the next room play the Lorraine March.

(Continued on next column.)

## GERMANY'S LUXURY TAXES.

ONE-FIFTH OF THE NATIONAL INCOME.

MAMMOTH HOTEL BILLS.

[British United Press.]

Approximately fourteen billion marks is paid out by the German public every year for its hotel service, its theatre and cinema tickets, its cabaret and dance hall patronage, and its restaurant meals.

While the financial editor of the *Vossische Zeitung*, who made this estimate, asserted that the amount is roughly one-fifth of the total national income, he also was at pains to point out that the items contributing to this rather imposing sum must not be considered as luxuries in the strict sense of the word. He contended, for example, that the post-war housing shortage makes it imperative for more and more German people to "eat out."

Another pertinent point set forth in his survey was that these vast expenditures support an industry of no mean proportions, while they also lend a helping hand to other industries, thus helping to keep down unemployment and providing a boon to business in general.

## Helping Other Industries.

This hotel-theatre-restaurant industry has on its payroll more than 750,000 persons, which is more than has either the mining or electrical groups; and these employees receive in wages about a billion marks annually. Measured according to the value of its yearly business it stands fourth among Germany's industries, being outranked only by commerce, clothing and food. Moreover, it carries 40 per cent. of the unusually heavy German luxury tax burden.

Far and away the largest branch of this industry is that including the hotels, of which there are more than 5,000 in the Republic. It is the largest in the sense that its annual income, almost 12,000,000,000 marks, is approximately 85 per cent. of the total. Moreover, these hotels, which have about 180,000 beds and a total capital investment of somewhere near 1,500,000,000 marks, give employment to 80,000 persons.

Next in line comes the group embracing the variety houses, cabarets, dance palaces and "movies" which have vaudeville acts on their programmes. Such places take in a total of two and a half billion marks every year which is about 250 per cent. more than the gross income of the whole German automobile industry.

## 10,000 Coffee Houses.

Not quite half of this sum is paid out in salaries to musicians, actors, stage hands and waiters—who together with the other help number about 230,000—and these people in turn spend their salaries on life's necessities and thereby, according to the financial writer, in no small way stimulate trade conditions.

He also demonstrated that the food, drink, furniture and other industries profit by the patronage the cabarets and vaudeville houses receive.

Close behind are the ten thousand coffee houses, employing 25,000 people and receiving annual revenues totalling between 750,000,000 and a billion marks. The five thousand motion picture houses, which have about 1,750,000 seats and employ 40,000 people, including 17,000 musicians, have a yearly income of only a quarter of a billion marks.

Despite their predilection for the spoken drama the German people pay out only 200,000,000 marks every 12 months for theatre tickets. Albeit, only 51 of the 243 German legitimate theatres are operated by government subsidies so that the public does in fact pay more than this sum for its dramatic entertainment.

No definite estimate can be made of the exact total of these subsidies because they vary greatly from year to year.

Dr. de Courmelles has verified these facts and in several instances has followed the observation of a wide swing of the galvanometer with questions and has succeeded in accomplishing more in the reading of the patients' subconscious mind in a few minutes than ordinarily he would have been able to accomplish in weeks.

"Shall we eventually measure electrically our inner reflexes?" he asks. "Or our intimate feelings? And overcome the obstinacy of some individuals by mathematical psychoanalysis? It is possible, even probable—but the patient will have to be electrified."

Dr. de Courmelles suggests that the new research may have practical value in testing qualifications of aspirants for aviation and other professions requiring special gifts. He thinks it will be possible to reduce all psychological investigation to a mathematical basis by means of the galvanometer.

## HONG KONG VOLUNTEER DEFENCE CORPS.

[ORDERS BY LT.-COL. L. G. BIRD, D.S.O., O.B.E., COMMANDANT.]

No. 10/20.

1.—King's Birthday Parade. All ranks of the Corps are reminded of the King's Birthday Parade which will take place on the Cricket Ground during the forenoon of June 3, 1929. H.E. the G.O.C. has expressed his special wish for a full turn out of the Corps and the Commandant asks all to keep the date free.

2.—Sergeants' Mess Meeting. There will be a meeting of the Sergeants' Mess at 6 p.m. on Thursday, May 16, 1929. It is particularly requested that all members will attend as there are several important items on the agenda for discussion.

3.—Corps Band. The Band will parade on Tuesday, May 14, at 5.30 p.m. at Corps Headquarters for Band Practice in multi—a full attendance is necessary.

4.—Mounted Infantry Company. Thursday, May 16. All ranks will parade at Race Course at 5.30 p.m. for Mounted Drill. Dress: Multi.

5.—Armoured Car Company. CAR SECTION. Monday, May 13, 1929. Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. for passing for Machine Gun Standard Tests. Cards can be drawn at Corps Headquarters by those not in possession.

6.—Motor Cycle Section. Monday, May 13, 1929. Parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. for Machine Gun Instruction. Dress: Multi.

7.—Machine Gun Company. There will be no further Company Parades until further notice.

8.—Scottish Company. Weekly parades will be discontinued until further notice. All ranks are reminded that rifles and bayonets must be kept at Corps Headquarters or in the Armoury at Platoon Headquarters. No arms are to be kept by individuals at their homes.

9.—Pipe Band. Weekly practices will take place at Corps Headquarters each Wednesday at 5.30 p.m. Pipe-Major Mackie will make arrangements to advise the members of the Band of any change in this order.

10.—Portuguese Class. All N.C.O.'s are expected to take advantage of the Classes to be held at Corps Headquarters during the Summer months, on the first and third Fridays in each month.

The next Class will be held at Corps Headquarters on Friday, May 17, at 5.30 p.m. for Lewis Gun Instruction and training.

11.—Strength. The following recruit has been taken on the strength and posted as under:—

No. 1475 Bandsman R. A. Crespo, Corps Band, as from May 3, 1929.

12.—Transfers. 2/Lieut. A. C. Groves to the Reserve of Officers, as from March 31, 1929.

No. 1002 Pte. H. Birkett, from M.I. Co. to the Reserve Co., as from May 10, 1929.

13.—Reversions. The following are permitted to revert to the ranks at their own request, as from May 10, 1929:—

No. 1179 L/Cpl. L. Gardner, No. 9 Platoon.

No. 1129 L/Cpl. E. A. Noronha, No. 11 Platoon.

14.—Leave. Lieut. C. Peake Anderson, M.C. Battery, from May 15 to December 15, 1929.

No. 787 Sergt. E. D. Labrousse, Car Section, from June 1 to December 31, 1929.

No. 545 Spr. W. L. Walker, Engineer Co., from November 23, 1929, to March 20, 1930.

15.—Struck Off the Strength. Having left the Colony:—

No. 1057 L/Cpl. T. W. Southam, Car Section, as from March 31, 1929.

No. 976 Pte. J. H. Sutcliffe, Car Section, as from March 31, 1929.

No. 1044 Pte. E. T. S. Zimmermann, Car Section, as from October 31, 1929.

No. 1039 Pte. S. M. Garrard, Machine Gun Section, as from February 24, 1929.

No. 1106 Pte. H. E. Orr, Machine Gun Co., as from December 31, 1929.

No. 1311 Pte. W. F. Leckie, No. 7 Platoon, as from April 25, 1929.

No. 1238 Bandsman J. A. Souza, Corps Band, as from February 15, 1929.

R. A. Wolseley Murray, Major, Adjutant, H.K.V.D.O. Hong Kong, May 10, 1929. (Continued on next column.)

## "ARE LIBRARIES DOING THEIR JOB?"

LIBRARIAN'S CRITICISM.

OPPORTUNITIES BEING LOST.

"Are libraries doing their job?" was the question Mr. C. R. Sanderson, librarian of the National Liberal Club, set out to answer at a meeting of librarians held at the London School Economics. The answer was disappointing. Mr. Sanderson is not satisfied with what the libraries up and down the country are doing for the children.

"If we are not doing our best for the children, if we starve them mentally," he said, "we are guilty of callous and criminal neglect. As librarians, we are in a position to say to them, 'Come to us for your reading,' but taking the country broadly, what do they get? A few juggling tricks with books and a certain amount of shop-window dressing. Are those libraries doing their job?"

For the specialist reader, Mr. Sanderson said, almost anything could be obtained in London, but the average student who was trying to make his way through a special subject, had a great struggle to secure the text books he needed. Two or three shelves of books would suffice for the average student studying for a university degree, but the urgent need for those shelves was in danger of being forgotten by the libraries in their haste for special staff. By failing to make the fullest provision for the average student, the libraries were losing their opportunity and increasing the difficulty of his task.

Thoughts on the War. Then Mr. Sanderson spoke of the change of thought in regard to such subjects as the Great War. Documents available since the war had proved that we did not go to war for a "scrap of paper," and that the idea of the Germans as a nation whose brutality could be illustrated by stories about corpse factories was false. The popular mind must be swung over to take an entirely different standpoint from that of 1914. Were the libraries helping the public to understand the facts?

Commercial and technical libraries could contribute enormously to the efficiency of our times, but it was also the function of a library to liberate the intelligence of the man in the street.

"This is a restless, dissatisfied age," Mr. Sanderson said, "but progress always comes after a period of dissatisfaction, and our job is not merely to take the best out of what is offered to us, but to go out and look for the great and then exploit it. I don't care what it is—poetry, drama, 'Undertones of War,' the Case of Sergeant Grischka, or Eugene O'Neill's work. How many libraries are circulating O'Neill's 'Hairy Ape'! Because it uses the words 'Christ' and 'bloody,' it has been put out of library after library."

Mr. Sanderson's point was that when a man was arriving at a solution of very difficult problems, he only reached it by reading about hundreds of things that were miles away from his problem. His mind needed the stimulus that came from contact with sincere and living minds, working on their own problems of life.

The speaker did not wish to discuss the censorship, but he suggested that the Library Association should have a definite opinion about it. They should not shrink because of its difficulty. Were they facing up to other problems? Were they writing on prejudices or on ideals? "When I ask, 'Are the libraries doing their job?' Mr. Sanderson concluded, "I mean also, 'Are the librarians doing their job?'"

As a result of an unfortunate accident Lieut. W. G. Boobyer, a marine officer attached to H.M.S. Castor, and a Chinese boy are in the International Hospital, Hankow, with gunshot wounds.

The incident occurred at the back of the Race Club. Lieutenants Boobyer, Walker, Ashley Junior and Gunner Smart, of H.M.S. Castor, were out on a shooting expedition when one of the guns went off and the pellets struck Lieut. Boobyer and the Chinese boy, who was detailed to carry the bag. They were immediately rushed off to hospital in a car.

On examination Lieut. Boobyer was found with wounds on his forearms, left thigh and one under the right eye, while the boy had one in the abdomen and left arm. The wounds are not serious.

## PASSENGERS.

Arrivals. The following passengers arrived Hong Kong by the s.s. Delta from Bombay on May 9:—Lieut. Comdr. Bullock, Mr. J. Burgoyne, Mr. N. Colbridge, Mr. E. B. Colesworth, Lieut. P. C. Deverell, Mr. W. B. Dunbar, Mrs. E. Erwin, Miss Barrow, Mr. F. Finner, Mr. Gibson, Mrs. Gibson and child, Mr. W. B. Grey, Mr. H. R. Hobling, Mr. Keong Fook Keon, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Monckton, Miss J. Monckton, Master Monckton, Sir Alex. McCormick, Lady McCormick, Miss McCormick, Mr. C. M. Piper, Mr. and Mrs. Pratt, Miss O. B. Robinson, Miss A. F. Handle, Mr. J. A. Rennie, Mr. C. A. Ricketts, Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Rhoden, Miss Rhoden, Mr. D. Ramsdale, Comdr. J. B. Sidgwick, Mr. H. Struycken, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Scott, Mr. W. Satterley, Mr. S. Schofield, Mr. L. A. Thomas, Mrs. Thomas, Mr. W. D. Walker, Mr. W. L. Wadleigh, Mr. H. J. Woolley.

The Machine Gun Company Rifle Club will hold their next meeting at the Peak Range on Sunday, May 19, 1929, at 9.30 a.m. to compete for Company Commander's Cup.

1.—Smoking Concert and Dinner. Friday, May 10.

The Annual Corps Smoking Concert and distribution of Corps Trophies and Munketry prizes will take place at Volunteer Headquarters to-night, Friday, 10.

Major-General J. W. Sandilands, O.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., has kindly consented to presented the prizes. Tickets for the dinner will only cost \$1 to include drinks.

Tickets can be obtained at the Officers' Mess, the Sergeants' Mess, The Canteen. The boys of these institutions have instructions to accept cash only. O.C. Units will arrange for tickets for unit guests. Time: 8 p.m.

Dress: Uniform optional but all prize winners are requested to attend in uniform. Forage cap, khaki jacket, medal ribbons, belt and slacks. Scottish as ordered.

## TRAGEDY ABOARD GLEN LINE STEAMER.

A FATAL EXPLOSION.

[THROUGH RAUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, May 9. The 4th engineer, Mr. Kalle, a New Zealander, was fatally injured this morning as a result of an explosion in the boiler-room of the Glen Line s.s. Carnarvonshire, which was making preparations to sail for Vladivostok.

Sailing has been delayed till to-morrow.

## COURT USHER ATTACKED.

WOMAN'S GRIEVANCE ABOUT A LOAN.

A violent attack on Mr. Young War Tong, usher at the Kowloon Magistracy, yesterday by a Chinese woman, suspected to be slightly demented, led to her appearance before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith.

The defendant accused complainant of owing her \$80, and declared it was he who first struck her.

Mr. Young said that as he was leaving the Magistracy defendant caught hold of his right hand and bit it. She then commenced to strike him, and accused him owing her \$80.

In answer to the Magistrate, witness denied there was any truth in the allegation made by the woman.

Evidence was also given by Detective-Inspector Fallon, who said that he investigated the matter, but could find no truth in her statement.

Defendant continually interrupted the proceedings by mumbling accusations against the complainant, and demanding that he should go to the Joss House and swear his denials.

The Magistrate remarked that he had witnessed part of the attack and was convinced that defendant was the aggressor. He had once sent her to the asylum, thinking that she was demented, but the authorities declared her to be sane. He must therefore treat her as a sane person, and would impose a fine of \$10 or 14 days' hard labour. She was also to sign a bond of \$50 for a period of six months to keep the peace.

With regard to her allegations, the Magistrate said that nothing could be done, as the police had investigated her case and could do nothing for her.

## MARINE LIEUTENANT INJURED.

RIFLE GOES OFF DURING SHOOTING EXPEDITION.

As a result of an unfortunate accident Lieut. W. G. Boobyer, a marine officer attached to H.M.S. Castor, and a Chinese boy are in the International Hospital, Hankow, with gunshot wounds.

The incident occurred at the back of the Race Club. Lieutenants Boobyer, Walker, Ashley Junior and Gunner Smart, of H.M.S. Castor, were out on a shooting expedition when one of the guns went off and the pellets struck Lieut. Boobyer and the Chinese boy, who was detailed to carry the bag. They were immediately rushed off to hospital in a car.

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## PRESIDENT LINER SAILINGS

## Weekly Trans-Pacific Service

To San Francisco and Los Angeles To Seattle and Victoria  
The Sunning Belt via Honolulu  
Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays

Pres. McKinley, Tues., May 21, 8 a.m.  
Pres. Grant, Tues., June 4, 8 a.m.  
Pres. Cleveland, Tues., June 18, 8 a.m.  
Pres. Pierce, Tues., July 2, 8 a.m.

\$120, \$112 Special through rates to Europe via United States. Direct connections with all Atlantic Lines. Choice of rail lines across United States and Canada. Liberal stop-over privileges for sight-seeing.

## Europe and New York Direct

ROUND THE WORLD

Fortnightly sailing on Sunday via Manila, Straits, Colon, Suez Canal, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, New York and Boston.

Pres. Hayes, Sun., May 12, 8 a.m.  
Pres. Folk, Sun., June 2, 8 a.m.  
Pres. Adams, Sun., June 16, 8 a.m.

## To Manila

Pres. McKinley, May 11, 8 p.m.  
Pres. Jefferson, May 21, 8 p.m.  
Pres. Grant, May 25, 8 p.m.

For Bookings, Passenger and Freight Information apply to

PEDDER BUILDING, Ground Floor.

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CANTON BRANCH—4, SEA KEE STREET.

## Dollar Steamship Line and American Mail Line

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION Co.'s STEAMER "DELTA."

ARRIVED HONG KONG ON 9TH MAY, 1929.

FROM BOMBAY, COLOMBO AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above named Vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are hereby landed and placed at their risk in the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each Consignment will be sorted out Mark by Mark and Delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

This Vessel brings on Cargo from London, via, or S.S. "MOOLTAN," V. 275, and from Persian Gulf via B.L.S.N. and B. & P.S.N. Co.'s Steamers.

Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions have been given to the contrary 6 hours before arrival of the Steamer.

Goods not cleared within 8 days including date of arrival will be subject to Rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees, and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on Mondays and Thursdays, within the Free Storage period.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before 29th May, 1929, or they will not be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Hong Kong, 9th May, 1929. [7764]

## SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

CONSIGNEUR NOTICE.

S.S. "SPHINX."

ARRIVED HONG KONG ON TUESDAY, 7TH MAY, 1929.

FROM MARSEILLES, etc. Also CARGO FROM COGNAC, BORDEAUX, etc. "TETUAN" and "TENERIFFA" and CARGO FROM LONDON via S.S. "DE PIERRE BENOT."

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above named Steamer are hereby informed that their Goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and placed at their risk in the Godowns of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, where each Consignment will be sorted out Mark by Mark and Delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

Goods not cleared within 7 days including date of arrival, will be subject to Rent.

All Claims must be sent to the Underwriter before Thursday, the 10th May, 1929, or they will not be recognized.



## ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

## ALEXANDRIA.

Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.

## AMCOY.

Haiyang, Douglas, May 10.  
Hupoh, B. & S., May 10.  
Anking, B. & S., May 12.  
Taima, B.I., May 12.  
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., May 13.  
Haiching, Douglas, May 14.  
Soochow, B. & S., May 14.  
Suisang, Jardine's, May 14.  
Haining, Douglas, May 17.  
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., May 18.  
Kingsuan, B. & S., May 19.  
Shantung, B. & S., May 21.  
Yensang, Jardine's, May 21.  
Tjitaroom, J.C.J.L., June 1.  
Tjisorra, J.C.J.L., June 3.  
Santia, B.I., June 5.

## ANTWERP.

Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., May 18.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.

## AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Teiping, B. & S., May 14.  
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., May 22.  
Tanda, E. & A., May 31.

## BALTIC PORTS.

Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Nanking, Gilman's, May 18.  
Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.

## BALTIMORE.

City of Lille, Bank, May 10.  
Rhenor, B.F., May 10.  
Comliebank, Bank, May 27.  
Neleus, B.F., June 5.

## BANGKOK.

Kwanchow, B. & S., May 12.  
Kwanchow, B. & S., May 19.  
Kwanchow, B. & S., May 22.

## BEJAWAN DELL.

Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
Van Heuts, J.C.J.L., May 23.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.

## BOMBAY.

Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Mores, P. & O., May 23.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., May 28.

## BOSTON.

City of Lille, Bank, May 10.  
Tsuyma Maru, N.Y.K., May 12.  
Rhenor, B.F., May 10.  
Royal Prince, Furness, May 10.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Comliebank, Bank, May 27.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.  
Neleus, B.F., June 5.  
Imperial Prince, Furness, June 6.

## BREMER.

Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.

## BRINDISI.

Rosandra, Dodwell's, May 18.  
Romolo, Dodwell's, May 23.

## CALCUTTA.

Takada, B.I., May 12.  
Nagano Maru, N.Y.K., May 13.  
Hosang, Jardine's, May 17.  
Talamba, B.I., May 21.  
Namsang, Jardine's, May 22.  
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Taima, B.I., June 9.

## CEBU.

Golden Sun, States S.S., May 18.  
Iowa, States S.S., May 19.  
Tacoma, States S.S., June 3.

## CHEFOO.

Kueichow, B. & S., May 15.  
Huichow, B. & S., May 23.  
Sarpedon, B.F., May 31.

## COLOMBO.

Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.  
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Kalyan, P. & O., May 11.  
Ruh, Jeben, May 11.  
Hector, B.F., May 15.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., May 18.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
D'Artagnan, M.M., May 21.  
Vogland, Jeben, May 21.  
Mores, P. & O., May 23.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., May 23.  
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 29.  
Duisburg, Jeben, June 1.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.  
Sphinx, M.M., June 4.  
Delta, P. & O., June 8.

## COPENHAGEN.

Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Nanking, Gilman's, May 18.  
Delhi, Gilman's, June 5.

## DALNY.

Sauerland, Jeben, May 13.  
Main, Melchers, May 17.  
Yingchow, B. & S., May 19.  
Sarpedon, B. & S., May 31.  
Trier, Melchers, June 6.

## DUTCH PORTS.

Ruhr, Jeben, May 11.  
Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Hector, B.F., May 15.  
Nanking, Gilman's, May 18.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., May 18.  
Mores, P. & O., May 23.  
Diomed, B.F., May 23.  
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 29.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.  
Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
Vogland, Jeben, May 21.  
Diomed, B.F., May 23.  
Glenbeg, Jeben, June 1.  
Duisburg, Jeben, June 1.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.  
Delhi, Gilman's, June 5.  
City of Glasgow, Bank, June 10.

## FOOCHOW.

Haiyang, Douglas, May 10.  
Haiching, Douglas, May 14.  
Haining, Douglas, May 17.

## GENOA.

Ruhr, Jeben, May 11.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
Vogland, Jeben, May 21.  
Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., May 22.  
Duisburg, Jeben, June 1.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.  
Glaucus, B.F., June 3.

## GLASGOW.

Hector, B.F., May 15.  
Glaucus, B.F., June 3.

## GOTENBURG.

Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Nanking, Gilman's, May 18.  
Delhi, Gilman's, June 5.

## HAIPHONG AND HOHOW.

Canton, M.M., May 10.  
Teon, B. & S., May 12.  
Tonkin, M.M., May 21.  
Kwanchow, B. & S., May 23.  
Linan, B. & S., May 23.

## HAMBURG.

Ruhr, Jeben, May 11.  
Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Nanking, Gilman's, May 18.  
Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
Vogland, Jeben, May 21.  
Diomed, B.F., May 23.  
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 29.  
Duisburg, Jeben, June 1.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.  
Delhi, Gilman's, June 5.  
City of Glasgow, Bank, June 10.

## HAYE.

Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Glaucus, B.F., June 3.

## HONOLULU.

Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.  
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 21.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., May 21.  
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 29.  
Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Pres. Grant, Dollar, June 4.

## ILOILO.

Golden Sun, States S.S., May 18.  
Iowa, States S.S., May 19.  
Tacoma, States S.S., June 3.

## JAPAN PORTS.

Lycan, B.F., May 10.  
Tsuyma Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.  
Taima, B.I., May 12.  
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., May 13.  
Sauerland, Jeben, May 13.  
Fiume, Dodwell's, May 14.  
Glenfifer, Jardine's, May 14.  
Kamakura Maru, N.Y.K., May 14.  
Suisang, Jardine's, May 14.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, May 15.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., May 15.  
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.  
Main, Melchers, May 17.  
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.  
Canton, Gilman's, May 19.  
Medon, B.F., May 19.  
Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 20.  
Angers, M.M., May 21.  
Tilawa, B.I., May 21.  
Siam, Mannere, May 23.  
Venezia, Dodwell's, May 23.  
Tydeus, B.F., May 23.  
Yensang, Jardine's, May 23.  
Gurns, P. & O., May 24.  
Rajputana, P. & O., May 24.  
Medon, B.F., May 24.  
Antiochus, B.F., May 28.  
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., May 28.  
Oldenburg, Jeben, May 29.  
Quarrington Court, Jar., May 29.  
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 29.  
Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Tyndareus, B.F., June 1.  
General Mettinger, M.M., June 4.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., June 5.  
Santia, B.I., June 5.  
Machao, B.F., June 5.  
Sauerland, Jeben, June 10.  
Nippon, Dodwell's, June 11.

## KALAMANG.

Golden Sun, States S.S., May 18.  
D'Artagnan, M.M., May 21.  
Sphinx, M.M., June 4.

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Sphinx, M.M., June 4.

## MANILA.

Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., May 11.  
Ruh, Jeben, May 11.  
Taiping, B. & S., May 11.  
Tjondari, J.C.J.L., May 16.  
Golden Sun, States S.S., May 18.  
Iowa, States S.S., May 19.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., May 21.  
Vogland, Jeben, May 21.  
Raga Maru, N.Y.K., May 22.  
Tjiki, J.C.J.L., May 22.  
Pres. Grant, Dollar, May 23.  
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., May 23.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., May 23.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.  
Duisburg, Jeben, June 1.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.  
Tacoma, States S.S., June 3.  
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, June 4.  
Neleus, B.F., June 5.  
Tjitarang, J.C.J.L., June 5.  
Tjimanock, J.C.J.L., June 5.

## MARSEILLES.

Kalyan, P. & O., May 11.  
Hector, B.F., May 15.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., May 18.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
D'Artagnan, M.M., May 21.  
Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., May 21.  
Vogland, Jeben, May 21.  
Mores, P. & O., May 23.  
Diomed, B.F., May 23.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.  
Sphinx, M.M., June 4.  
Delta, P. & O., June 8.  
City of Glasgow, Bank, June 10.

## NAPLES.

Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.

## NEWUWANG.

Yingchow, B. & S., May 19.  
City of Lille, Bank, May 10.  
Rhenor, B.F., May 10.  
Royal Prince, Furness, May 10.  
Tsuyma Maru, N.Y.K., May 12.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Comliebank, Bank, May 27.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.  
Neleus, B.F., June 5.  
Imperial Prince, Furness, June 6.

## NORTH CHINA.

Sauerland, Jeben, May 13.  
Main, Melchers, May 17.  
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., May 18.  
Sarpedon, B.F., May 31.  
Tjitaroom, J.C.J.L., June 1.  
Trier, Melchers, June 5.

## ORAN.

Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.

## OSLO.

Nanking, Gilman's, May 18.  
Delhi, Gilman's, June 5.

## PANAMA.

Tsuyma Maru, N.Y.K., May 12.  
Rokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 21.  
Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.

## PENANG.

Kalyan, P. & O., May 11.  
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Takada, B.I., May 12.  
Nagano Maru, N.Y.K., May 13.  
Hosang, Jardine's, May 17.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., May 18.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Talamba, B.I., May 21.  
Namsang, Jardine's, May 22.  
Van Heuts, J.C.J.L., May 23.  
Mores, P. & O., May 23.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., May 23.  
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.  
Delta, P. & O., June 8.  
Taima, B.I., June 9.

## PLYMOUTH.

Mores, P. & O., May 23.

## PORTLAND.

Peninsylvania, States S.S., May 13.

## RANGOON.

Nagano Maru, N.Y.K., May 13.  
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.

## SAIGON.

Golden Sun, States S.S., May 18.  
D'Artagnan, M.M., May 21.  
Sphinx, M.M., June 4.

## SANDAKAN.

Mausang, Jardine's, May 24.  
Tanda, E. & A., May 31.  
Hinsang, Jardine's, June 4.

## SAN FRANCISCO.

Everett, States S.S., May 11.  
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.  
Pennsylvania, States S.S., May 18.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., May 21.  
Golden Dragon, S.S.S., May 23.  
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 29.  
Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Pres. Grant, Dollar, June 4.

## SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Nanking, Gilman's, May 18.  
Delhi, Gilman's, June 5.

## SEATTLE.

Everett, States S.S., May 11.  
Ixion, B.F., May 11.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, May 14.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., May 15.  
Tyndareus, B.F., June 1.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., June 5.

## SHANGHAI.

Hupoh, B. & S., May 10.  
Lycan, B.F., May 10.  
Tsuyma Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.  
Lushan Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Chakung, Jardine's, May 12.  
Sinkiang, B. & S., May 12.  
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., May 13.  
Sauerland, Jeben, May 13.

## SHANGHAI—(Continued).

Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., May 13.  
Fiume, Dodwell's, May 14.  
Glenfifer, Jardine's, May 14.  
Kamakura Maru, N.Y.K., May 14.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, May 14.  
Soochow, B. & S., May 14.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., May 15.  
Kwonggang, Jardine's, May 15.  
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.  
Chenau, B. & S., May 18.  
Main, Melchers, May 17.  
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., May 17.  
Canton, Gilman's, May 19.  
Kwaisang, Jardine's, May 19.  
Medon, B.F., May 19.  
Ninghai, B. & S., May 19.  
Yingchow, B. & S., May 19.  
Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 20.  
Siam, Mannere, May 20.  
Angers, M.M., May 21.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., May 21.  
Shantung, B. & S., May 21.  
Sungshan, N.Y.K., May 21.  
Hopsang, Jardine's, May 22.  
Siam, Mannere, May 22.  
Tydeus, B.F., May 23.  
Venezia, Dodwell's, May 23.  
Gurns, P. & O., May 24.  
Rajputana, P. & O., May 24.  
Medon, B.F., May 24.  
Antiochus, B.F., May 28.  
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., May 28.  
Oldenburg, Jeben, May 29.  
Quarrington Court, Jar., May 29.  
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 29.  
Sarpedon, B. & S., May 31.  
General Mettinger, M.M., June 4.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., June 4.  
Trier, Melchers, June 5.  
Machao, B.F., June 5.  
Sauerland, Jeben, June 10.  
Nippon, Dodwell's, June 11.

## SINGAPORE.

Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., May 10.  
Kalyan, P. & O., May 11.  
Ruh, Jeben, May 11.  
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., May 11.  
Anking, B. & S., May 12.  
Takada, B.I., May 12.  
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., May 13.  
Afrika, Mannere, May 14.  
Hector, B.F., May 15.  
Nagano Maru, N.Y.K., May 15.  
Hosang, Jardine's, May 17.  
Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., May 18.  
Kingsuan, B. & S., May 19.  
Pres. Hayes, Dollar, May 19.  
Franken, Melchers, May 20.  
D'Artagnan, M.M., May 21.  
Talamba, B.I., May 21.  
Vogland, Jeben, May 21.  
Kwanchow, B. & S., May 22.  
Namsang, Jardine's, May 22.  
Van Heuts, J.C.J.L., May 23.  
Mores, P. & O., May 23.  
Diomed, B.F., May 23.  
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., May 23.  
Glenbeg, Jardine's, May 29.  
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Duisburg, Jeben, June 1.  
Fulda, Melchers, June 1.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., June 1.  
Lahore, P. & O., June 1.  
Pres. Polk, Dollar, June 2.  
Glaucus, B.F., June 3.  
Sphinx, M.M., June 4.  
Wakasa Maru, N.Y.K., June 7.  
Delta, P. & O., June 8.  
Taima, B.I., June 9.

## SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

Wakasa Maru, N.Y.K., June 7.

## SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

Ginyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 30.  
Wakasa Maru, N.Y.K., June 7.

## SWATOW.

Haiyang, Douglas, May 10.  
Anking, B. & S., May 12.  
Chakung, Jardine's, May 12.  
Kaying, B. & S., May 12.  
Sinkiang, B. & S., May 12.  
Haiching, Douglas, May 14.  
Kwonggang, Jardine's, May 15.  
Chenau, B. & S., May 18.  
Haining, Douglas, May 17.  
Kingsuan, B. & S., May 19.  
Kwaisang, Jardine's, May 19.  
Ninghai, B. & S., May 19.  
Kwanchow, B. & S., May 19.  
Hopsang, Jardine's, May 22.  
Tamba, B. & S., May 23.

## TAKAO.

Sauerland, Jeben, May 17.  
Sarpedon, B.F., May 31.

## TIENTSIN.

Kueichow, B. & S., May 15.  
Main, Melchers, May 17.  
Cheongching, Jardine's, May 21.  
Huichow, B. & S., May 23.  
Trier, Melchers, June 5.

## TIENTSIN AND YENKE.

Rosandra, Dodwell's, May 18.  
Romolo, Dodwell's, May 23.

## TIENTSIN.

Chakung, Jardine's, May 12.  
Sinkiang, B. & S., May 12.  
Soochow, B. & S., May 14.  
Kwonggang, Jardine's, May 15.  
Main, Melchers, May 17.  
Kwaisang, Jardine's, May 19.  
Ninghai, B. & S., May 19.  
Hopsang, Jardine's, May 22.  
Trier, Melchers, June 5.

## VANCOUVER, B.C.

Ixion, B.F., May 11.  
Everett, States S.S., May 11.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., May 15.  
Tyndareus, B.F., June 1.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., June 5.

## VICTORIA, B.C.

Ixion, B.F., May 11.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, May 14.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., May 15.  
Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., May 20.  
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., May 23.  
Tyndareus, B.F., June 1.  
Emp. of France, C.P.S., June 5.

## VLADIVOSTOK.

Glenfifer, Jardine's, May 14.  
Canton, Gilman's, May 19.  
Quarrington Court, Jar., May 29.

## WHAIRTEL.

Kueichow, B. & S., May 15.  
Huichow, B. & S., May 23.  
Sarpedon, B.F., May 31.

## EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS.

## Aeneas due from Shanghai June 11.



# CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

AMOI & SHANGHAI	"HUPEH"	On 19th May,	5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SINKIANG"	On 12th May,	7 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANKING"	On 12th May,	8 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KAYING"	On 12th May,	Noon
AMOI, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"BOOCHOW"	On 14th May,	5 p.m.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"KUEICHOW"	On 15th May,	10 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"CHENAN"	On 16th May,	8 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"KINGYUAN"	On 16th May,	8 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"KINGYUAN"	On 16th May,	8 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KWANGCHOW"	On 19th May,	Noon
SHANGHAI, NEWCHANG & DALNY	"YINGCHOW"	On 19th May,	3 p.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SHANTUNG"	On 21st May,	5 p.m.
HONGKONG, SINGAPORE & BANGKOK	"KIUNGCHOW"	On 22nd May,	10 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"TEAN"	On 23rd May,	8 a.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"LINAN"	On 23rd May,	10 a.m.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 23rd May,	10 a.m.

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STAGES	Days from Hong Kong	Days to destination
TAIPING	In Port	14th May
CHANGTE	11th June	18th June
TAIPING	9th July	16th July

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S.S. "NELEUS"	via Suez Canal	5th June
S.S. "CITY OF MOBILE"	via Suez Canal	14th June
S.S. "MACHAON"	via Suez Canal	3rd July

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AND

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T.S. "IMPERIAL PRINCE"	June 6th
M.V. "JAVANESE PRINCE"	June 20th

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DARTAGNAN ... 21st May	ANGERS ... 21st May
SPHINX ... 4th June	G. METZGER ... 4th June
ANGERS ... 18th June	ANDRE LEBON ... 18th June
G. METZGER ... 2nd July	PORTHOUS ... 2nd July
ANDRE LEBON ... 16th July	CHENONCEAUX ... 16th July
PORTHOUS ... 30th July	ATHOS II ... 30th July
CHENONCEAUX ... 13th Aug.	DARTAGNAN ... 13th Aug.
ATHOS II ... 27th Aug.	SPHINX ... 27th Aug.

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## ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

STATION	MAY 8, 1929.										MAY 9, 1929.									
	Time	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind	Direction	Force	Sea	State	Remarks	Time	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind	Direction	Force	Sea	State	Remarks
Wladivostok	13	30.01	762.2	40	SE	1	f	6	30.04	762.9	40	SE	2	o						
Namuro	11	29.93	760.0	...	N	1	...	5	30.06	763.5	...	NNE	2	...						
Hokkaido	...	29.94	760.5	...	SE	1	...	...	30.03	762.5	...	...	...	...						
Tokio	...	29.78	756.5	...	NW	2	...	...	29.96	761.0	...	NE	1	...						
Kobe	...	29.78	756.5	...	...	0	...	...	29.84	758.0	...	...	...	...						
Nagasaki	...	29.84	758.0	...	SSE	1	...	...	29.92	760.0	...	...	...	...						
Kagoshima	...	29.84	758.0	...	...	...	...	...	29.86	758.5	...	...	...	...						
Oshima	...	29.82	757.1	...	SW	1	...	...	29.82	757.5	...	WSW	1	...						
Naha	...	29.82	757.1	...	S	4	...	...	29.84	758.0	...	S	3	...						
Ishigakijima	...	29.86	758.5	...	SW	2	...	...	29.84	758.0	...	SW	2	...						
Bonin Island	...	30.04	763.0	...	S	2	...	...	30.04	763.0	...	...	...	...						
Chefoo	15	29.75	755.6	60	NNW	3	f	6	29.79	756.6	60	100	...	...						
Shanghai	14	29.63	758.1	62	E	1	o	...	29.67	758.7	62	100	ESE	2	of					
Guttsan	...	29.50	759.4	62	ENE	1	o	...	29.66	761.0	68	94	SE	3	o					
Sharp Peak	...	29.75	755.7	71	E	2	o	...	29.68	758.9	68	94	...	...						
Amoy	...	29.74	755.4	77	SW	4	f	6	29.67	758.7	72	92	ENE	2	o					
Swatow	...	29.82	757.5	82	NW	2	o	...	29.81	757.2	78	98	...	...						
Taiheku	...	29.87	758.7	86	...	...	...	...	29.85	758.1	75	...	...	...						
Taihu	...	29.86	758.4	90	SW	2	o	...	29.82	757.5	75	...	...	...						
Tainan	...	29.85	758.1	84	...	...	...	...	29.84	757.8	75	...	...	...						
Koshu	...	29.85	758.1	84	...	...	...	...	29.82	757.5	73	...	...	...						
Pescadore	...	29.81	757.2	75	SSE	1	o	...	29.81	757.2	74	94	...	...						
Hong Kong	14	29.81	757.2	75	SW	3	o	...	29.81	757.2	75	94	SSE	2	o					
Gap Rock	...	29.78	756.3	70	WSW	2	o	...	29.78	756.3	75	94	SSE	2	o					
Macao	...	29.81	757.2	87	W	2	o	...	29.84	757.9	77	86	...	...						
Hoihow	...	29.81	757.2	85	...	...	...	...	29.76	756.0	75	92	...	...						
Pratas Island	...	29.67	756.8	86	SE	2	o	...	29.79	756.6	79	...	...	...						
Phu Lien	16	29.78	756.3	86	...	...	...	...	29.81	757.2	79	...	...	...						
Tourane	...	29.78	756.3	86	...	...	...	...	29.82	757.5	81	84	...	...						
Cape St. James	...	29.78	756.3	86	...	...	...	...	29.84	757.8	75	92	...	...						
Basco	14	29.78	756.3	86	...	...	...	...	29.81	757.2	79	...	...	...						
Aparri	...	29.75	755.7	90	NNE	4	b	...	29.84	757.8	77	88	...	...						
Tuguegarao	...	29.72	754.8	97	N	2	o	...	29.81	757.2	79	73	N	1	b					
Vigan	...	29.75	755.7	90	W	4	b	...	29.81	757.2	79	73	N	1	b					
Manila	...	29.74	755.4	93	SE	4	b	...	29.81	757.2	79	73	N	1	b					
Legaspi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.81	757.2	81	89	...	...						
Calbayog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.81	757.2	75	94	...	...						
Tacloban	...	29.78	756.3	86	S	4	b	...	29.82	757.5	79	87	NW	1	b					
Iloilo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.79	756.6	79	89	...	...						
Cebu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.79	756.6	75	96	...	...						
Surigao	...	29.74	755.4	83	E	2	o	...	29.76	756.0	87	...	...	...						
Saipan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.81	757.2	...	...	...	...						
Guam	12.22	29.78	756.3	...	NE	4	o	4.22	29.81	757.2	...	...	...	...						
Yap	11.00	29.76	756.0	...	ENE	4	o	5	29.80	756.9	...	...	...	...						
Pelew	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.77	756.1	79	...	...	...						
Ponape	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.76	756.0	81	...	...	...						
Labuan	14	29.77	756.1	84	NW	2	b	6	29.84	757.9	78	91	SW	2	b					

May 9d. 11h. 13m.—Pressure remains highest to the east of Japan and the Bonins, and relatively low over China generally. The depression remains over Tonking.

Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.60 inch. Total since January 1, 8.45 inches, against an average of 13.98 inches.

### FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON THE 10th.

DISTRICT. FORECAST.

- 1.—Formosa Channel
- 2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamocks
- 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock
- 4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan

S.W. or variable winds, light to moderate; cloudy, rain.

C. W. JEFFRIES, Director.

### HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, May 9.

Previous On Date On Date

Day at 4 p.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m.

Barometer ... 29.78 29.85 29.79

Temperature ... 74 80 81

Humidity ... 93 92 84

Wind—Direction ... Calm NW SSW

Force ... 0 1 1

Weather ... OMR ORM O

Rain ... 1.81 0.00 0.37

Highest open-air Temperature, 8: 77.

Lowest open-air Temperature, 9: 74.

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

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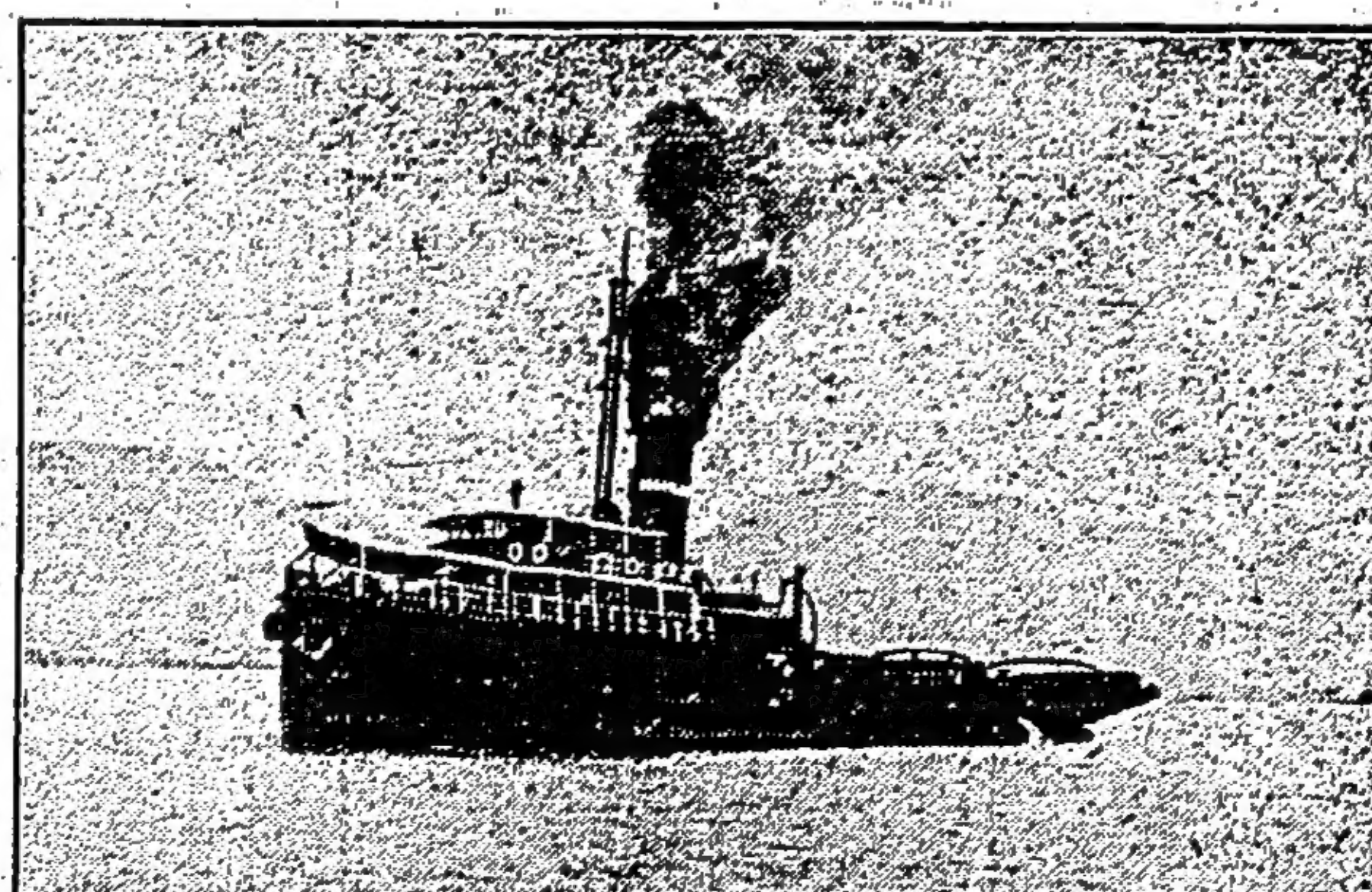
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## INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS

To	STEAMSHIP	DATE
TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"CHAKSANG" "KWONGSANG" "KWAISANG" "HOPSANG"	Sun., 19th May, at 7 a.m. Wed., 15th May, at 7 a.m. Sun., 19th May, at 7 a.m. Wed., 22nd May, at 7 a.m.
OSAKA via AMOI, MOJI & KOBE	"SUISANG" "YUENSANG"	Tues., 14th May, at 8 a.m. Tues., 23rd May, at 10 p.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	"HOSANG" "NAMSANG"	Fri., 17th May, at 3 p.m. Wed., 22nd May, at 3 p.m.
SANDAKAN	"MAUSANG" "HISANG"	Fri., 24th May, at Noon Tues., 4th June, at 10 a.m.
TIENTSIN	"CHEONGSHING"	Tues., 21st May, at 7 a.m.
CANTON	"KWAISANG"	Mon., 13th May, at 9 p.m.



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17 Days Hong Kong-Vancouver, 14 Days Shanghai-Vancouver  
11 Days Kobe-Vancouver, 9 Days Yokohama-Vancouver

	Hong Kong	Shanghai	Kobe	Yokohama	Vancouver
Leave	May 15	May 18	May 21	May 23	June 1
Arrive	June 1	June 4	June 7	June 9	June 13
EMPRESS OF ASIA	May 15	May 18	May 21	May 23	June 1
EMPRESS OF FRANCE	May 26	May 29	May 31	June 2	June 13
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	June 10	June 13	June 15	June 17	June 27
EMPRESS OF ASIA	June 21	June 24	June 26	June 28	July 7
EMPRESS OF FRANCE	July 1	July 4	July 6	July 8	July 17
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	July 15	July 18	July 20	July 22	Aug. 1
EMPRESS OF ASIA	Aug. 1	Aug. 4	Aug. 6	Aug. 8	Aug. 17
EMPRESS OF FRANCE	Aug. 15	Aug. 18	Aug. 20	Aug. 22	Aug. 31
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	Sept. 1	Sept. 4	Sept. 6	Sept. 8	Sept. 17
EMPRESS OF ASIA	Sept. 15	Sept. 18	Sept. 20	Sept. 22	Oct. 1
EMPRESS OF FRANCE	Oct. 1	Oct. 4	Oct. 6	Oct. 8	Oct. 17
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	Oct. 15	Oct. 18	Oct. 20	Oct. 22	Oct. 31
EMPRESS OF ASIA	Nov. 1	Nov. 4	Nov. 6	Nov. 8	Nov. 17
EMPRESS OF FRANCE	Nov. 15	Nov. 18	Nov. 20	Nov. 22	Nov. 31
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	Dec. 1	Dec. 4	Dec. 6	Dec. 8	Dec. 17
EMPRESS OF ASIA	Dec. 15	Dec. 18	Dec. 20	Dec. 22	Dec. 31

F/Asia and E/Russia call at Nagasaki the day after departure from Shanghai.

Connecting Canadian Pacific Atlantic sailings from Montreal and Quebec  
every few days to Liverpool, Southampton, Glasgow,  
Antwerp, Cherbourg and Hamburg.

## HONG KONG-MANILA SERVICE

Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
Hong Kong	Manila	Manila	Hong Kong
May 23	May 30	EMPRESS OF FRANCE	May 31
June 18	June 20	EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	June 21

## CANADIAN PACIFIC EXPRESS

TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES

PAYABLE THE WORLD OVER

THE SAFEST AND MOST CONVENIENT WAY TO CARRY FUNDS.

Passenger Department: Tel. C. 752. Cables: "GACANPAC."  
Freight and Express: Tel. C. 42. Cables: "NAUTILUS"

## N.Y.K. LINE

THROUGH BOOKING TO EUROPE AT REDUCED RATES.

M20, 2112, 2110, 2102, 2083, via SAN FRANCISCO.

235, 230-10 via JAPAN and SEATTLE.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports &amp; Honolulu.

SIBERIA MARU ... Wednesday, 15th May

TAIYO MARU ... Wednesday, 22nd May

SEATTLE, VICTORIA via Shanghai &amp; Japan Ports.

IYO MARU ... Monday, 20th May

SEIZUOKA MARU ... Monday, 17th May

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,

via Singapore, Penang, Colombo &amp; Suez.

KAMO MARU ... Saturday, 18th May

KATORI MARU (Call Lisbon) ... Saturday, 1st June

SYDNEY &amp; MELBOURNE via Manila &amp; Ports.

KAGA MARU ... Wednesday, 20th June

TANGO MARU ... Wednesday, 20th June

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang &amp; Colombo.

TAMBA MARU ... Saturday, 11th May

PENANG MARU ... Tuesday, 28th May

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,

Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

GINYO MARU ... Thursday, 30th May

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape

Town &amp; Ports.

WAKASA MARU ... Friday, 7th June

NEW YORK via PANAMA.

TSUYAMA MARU (Call Boston) ... Sunday, 12th May

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Genoa &amp; Marseilles.

TOYOKEA MARU ... Tuesday, 31st May

CALOUTTA via Singapore, Penang &amp; Rangoon.

NAGANO MARU ... Wednesday, 15th May

AKITA MARU ... Thursday, 30th May

SHANGHAI, KOBE &amp; YOKOHAMA.

KASHIMA MARU ... Monday, 13th May

KAMAKURA MARU (Mojji direct) ... Tuesday, 14th May

TANGO MARU (Nagasaki direct) ... Friday, 17th May

+ Cargo only.

Reduced 1st Class Excursion Rates quoted between Manila and Australia.

For further information, apply to—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Telephone: C. No. 292 and 3997. (Private exchanges to all Depts.)

KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART  
MAATSCHAPPY.

(ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO. OF BATAVIA)

THE MOTOR VESSEL

## "VAN HEUTSZ"

Due to sail to SINGAPORE, BELAWAN, DELI and  
PENANG, on 23rd May, at Noon.

Offers excellent Saloon accommodation.

All lower berths. Doctor carried.  
English cuisine. Wireless telegraph.  
1st Class Fare to Singapore—\$125.In connection with the Royal Packet Nav. Co.'s (K.P.M.)  
Service to destinations in the Netherlands East Indies  
and Australia.

Agents:—

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN-LIJN.

Telephone 1574. YOKO BUILDING, CHINA ROAD.

## Shipping News

Daily Statement, Waterfront News,  
etc.YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT  
RETURNS.IMPORTS 10,000 TONS;  
THROUGH CARGO  
27,000 TONS.During the 24 hours ended at 9  
a.m. yesterday the general returns  
shown at the Harbour Office of  
cargoes carried by vessels arriving  
in Hong Kong were as follows:—

British	Cargo	Through
H.K.	Ports	
Sinkiang, Shanghai	200	300
Kwonggang, Shanghai	450	602
Haiyang, Foochow	500	—
Hydrang, Swatow	94	—
Siang Bee, Rangoon	150	3,550
Delta, Karachi	402	5,413
Hupei, Haiphong	340	1,550
Linan, Canton	—	800
	—	2,145
		12,305

French	Cargo	Through
H.K.	Ports	
Canton, Haiphong	500	—
Dutch, Amoy	—	1,319
Creeper, Amoy	—	1,319
Greek, Suez	4,500	3,500
	—	4,500
		3,500

Norwegian	Cargo	Through
H.K.	Ports	
Ulrika, Kin Hon	1,850	—
	—	1,850

Japanese	Cargo	Through
H.K.	Ports	
Himalaya, Japan	500	2,842
Malacca, Japan	691	3,850
Roko, Dairen	2,600	2,385
Canton, Keelung	1,138	—
	—	4,327
		8,677

Portuguese	Cargo	Through
H.K.	Ports	
Ka Heng, K. C. Wan	210	—
	—	210

Chinese	Cargo	Through
H.K.	Ports	
Shiu Hing, Macao	20	—
Tai Lee, Dairen	1,200	1,000
Tak Hing, Autow	2	—
	—	1,222
		1,000

Arrivals and Departures.	Arr.	Dep.
British	8	10
Japanese	4	1
Norwegian	1	1
Chinese	4	2
Dutch	1	0
French	1	0
Greek	1	1
Portuguese	1	1
Total	21	16

Empress of Russia left Yokohama  
on May 9 is due Vancouver on May  
19.DAILY WATERFRONT  
NEWS.

## DANGEROUS GOODS.

The Haiyang brought 6 cases of  
fire crackers on her arrival from  
Swatow and Foochow on the 8th  
inst.Twenty cases of sulphur flowers  
and 1,040 bags of saltpetre were  
among the cargo carried by the  
Himalaya Maru. The vessel arrived  
on the 8th inst. from Japan.The Moji Maru from Japan  
carried a cargo of 30 cases of  
sulphuric acid and 25 cases nitric  
acid for this port.

## Death at Sea.

The death of a female passenger  
from heart failure was reported by  
the master of the Siang Bee from  
Rangoon and Singapore.Asianic Deck Passengers.  
The following vessels brought  
Asianic deck passengers to the  
Colony during the 24 hours ended  
at 9 a.m. yesterday:—

Hupen (Br.) H'phong	1
Canton (Fr.) Haiphong	1
Cremet (Dut.) Amoy, Swatow	1,67
Canton Maru (Jap.) Keelung,	
Swatow	2
Tak Hing (Ch.) Autow	8
Total	3,06

## CLEARANCES.

May 9.

Borneo, for Saigon.  
Changchow, for Shanghai.  
City of Delhi, for Singapore.  
Delta, for Shanghai.  
Escondido, for Saigon.  
Hathor, for Saigon.  
Himalaya, for Manila.  
Himalaya, for Amoy.  
Hydrang, for Swatow.  
Ka Heng, for K. C. Wan.  
Kidderpore, for Singapore.  
Linan, for Swatow.  
Menado Maru, for Hochoh.  
N.S.D. Rosario, for Manila.  
Tongchuan, for Keelung.  
Tsuruga Maru, for Shanghai.THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.  
COPENHAGEN.

## The M.S. "AFRIKA"

loading on or about

15th May

PORT SAID, HAYRE, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,  
AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN AND OTHER  
SCANDINAVIAN & BALTIC PORTS.

## SAILING LIST.

OTHER SAILINGS:— SHANGHAI, ETC. CONFIDENT, ETC.  
M.V. "Malaya" ... 10th June  
M.S. "Siam" ... 20th May 30th JuneOptional Bills of Lading issued to United Kingdom Ports.  
For further particulars, please apply to—

JOHN MANNERS &amp; CO., LTD.

(MERCANTILE BANK BUILDING.)

Telephone C. 4072. Agents.

## BANK LINE LTD.

AGENTS FOR

## ELLERMAN &amp; BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT  
"CITY OF GLASGOW" ... London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg ... 10th June  
"CITY OF CAMBRIDGE" ... London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg ... 10th JulyNEW YORK, BOSTON & BALTIMORE ... AMERICAN AND MANCHURIAN LINE  
"CITY OF SINGAPORE" ... via Suez Canal ... 14th June  
"CITY OF MANDALAY" ... via Suez Canal ... 12th July  
"CITY OF BEDFORD" ... via Suez Canal ... 9th August

ALSO AGENTS FOR

## ANDREW WEIR &amp; CO.

SERVICES TO

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE ... AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE  
"COMLIBANK" ... 27th MayMAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA ... ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE  
Loading for Mauritius, Reunion, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Algoa Bay (Port Elizabeth),  
Mossel Bay and Capetown.  
Through Bills of Lading issued to Beira, Quilimane, Ibo, Port Amelia, Mozambique, Chinda,  
Inhambane, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Kilindini, Port Nellore, Luderitz Bay, Walvis Bay and Middeburg.For Freight or Passage on any of the above lines apply to—  
Telephone: Central 4701.

## THE BANK LINE, LTD.

P. & O., British India  
Apcar and  
Eastern & Australian  
Lines(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).  
MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS  
TAKING CARGO FORSTRAITS, JAVA, BULMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF,  
WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA,  
AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND,  
LAND PORTS, RED SEA, EGYPT, CONSTANTINOPLE,  
GREECE, LEBANTINE PORTS, EUROPE, ETC.  
PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY  
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.  
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	9th May, Noon	Saigon, Straits, Colombo & Play,
"KALYAN"	9,144	11th May, Noon	Marseilles, London and Hull
"MORRE"	10,863	15th May	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"LAHORE"	5,232	1st June	Mars, London, A'werp, B'ham, H'burg,
"DELTA"	8,097	8th June	Marseilles, London and Hull
"JAYPORE"	5,318	15th June	Mars, London, A'werp, B'ham, H'burg
"RAJPUTANA"	16,588	22nd June	Bombay, Marseilles & London
"PERIM"	2,048	29th June	Marseilles and London
"KASHGAR"	5,045	6th July	Marseilles, London and Hull
"MIRZAPORE"	6,715	9th July	Straits, Colombo & Bombay
"ALIPORE"	5,373	19th July	Straits, Colombo & Bombay
"RANPURA"	16,401	26th July	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	2nd Aug.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay
"KHYBER"	5,114	3rd Aug.	Marseilles, London and Hull
"MALWA"	10,980	17th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"KASHMIR"	8,883	31st Aug.	Marseilles, London and Hull
"MORRE"	10,863	14th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"MANTUA"	10,945	21st Sept.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay
"MIRZAPORE"	6,715	2nd Oct.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay
"KALYAN"	9,144	9th Oct.	Marseilles and London
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	23rd Oct.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay
"KALYAN"	9,144	30th Oct.	Marseilles and London

\* Cargo only.  
Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Con-  
stantinople, Piræus, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of  
the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS			
Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TAKADA"	8,649	18th May, 9 p.m.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"TALAMBA"	8,918	21st May	do.
"TALMA"	10,000	9th June	do.
"SANTHIA"	7,754	4th July	do.
"TAKLIWA"	7,834	10th July	do.

B.I.—Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd  
class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry  
a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)			
Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TANDA"	6,956	31st May	Manila, Sandakan, Thursday
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	5th July	Inland, Townsville, Brisbane,
"ARAFURA"	6,000	2nd Aug.	Sydney and Melbourne.
"TANDA"	6,956	26th Aug.	do.

+ Calls Iloilo and carries Orchestra.

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hong Kong to Japan & Hong Kong to Australia.  
The E. & A. S.S. Co. Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Iloilo, Cebu,  
Kobe, Manila, Yokohama, Osaka, and other ports en route as indicated  
on the shipping schedule.Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—  
The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand  
via Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.  
The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal.  
The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.  
The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via  
Panama Canal.

"TALMA"	10,000	12th May	Amoy, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama & Osaka
"ROSSINGTON COURT"	—	21st May	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"GURNA"	5,248	24th May	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
"RAJPUTANA"	16,588	24th May	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	4th June	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama
"SANTHIA"	7,754	5th June	Amoy, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama & Osaka
"KASHGAR"	9,005	7th June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TILSINGTON COURT"	—	10th June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"MIRZAPORE"	6,715	10th June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"ALIPORE"	5,373	19th June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TAKLIWA"	7,834	19th June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"RANPURA"	16,401	21st June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"KHYBER"	5,114	6th July	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	6th July	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"MALWA"	10,980	17th July	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"KASHMIR"	8,883	19th July	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"TANDA"	6,956	2nd Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"MORRE"	10,863	6th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"KALYAN"	9,144	16th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"MIRZAPORE"	6,715	30th Aug.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"ALIPORE"	5,373	2nd Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"MANTUA"	10,940	11th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	13th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"KALYAN"	9,144	25th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"MACDONALD KASHGAR"	9,005	7th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
"BAWALPINDI"	16,619	12th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
		26th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
		21st Nov.	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama



